

Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

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### **Independent Auditors' Report**

The Board of Trustees Fairleigh Dickinson University:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Fairleigh Dickinson University (the University), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the related consolidated statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

### Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the University's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

## Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Fairleigh Dickinson University at June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the changes in their net assets and their cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.



October 17, 2017

## Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands of dollars)

Assets		2017	2016
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	63,571	90,042
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		8,314	8,294
Student accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts			
of \$14,346 and \$15,300 in 2017 and 2016, respectively		5,562	7,127
Accounts receivable and other current assets		3,643	4,706
Contributions receivable, net		1,922	2,340
Student loans receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts		7 705	7.070
of \$2,738 and \$2,711 in 2017 and 2016, respectively		7,765	7,970
Investments, at fair value Property, plant and equipment, net		119,611 191,239	78,444 191,504
	-		
Total assets	\$ <u> </u>	401,627	390,427
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	10,896	15,061
Accrued salaries and liabilities for compensated absences		10,378	10,329
Deferred tuition revenues		3,550	2,967
Other liabilities		5,392	4,967
U.S. government grants refundable		9,845	10,522
Long-term debt, net		72,339	76,241
Post-retirement benefits liability		37,491	39,629
Asset retirement obligations		13,720	13,679
Total liabilities		163,611	173,395
Net Assets			
Unrestricted		186,180	170,032
Temporarily restricted		28,955	24,694
Permanently restricted		22,881	22,306
Total net assets		238,016	217,032
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	401,627	390,427

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Operating revenues, gains and other support: Tuition and fees Less scholarships, tuition grants and aid
Net tuition and fees
Contributions  New Jersey State aid  Contracts and grants Investment return-endowment spending rate and other  Other sources  Auxiliary enterprises  Less scholarships, tuition grants and aid
Total revenues, gains and other support
Net assets released from restrictions
Total operating revenues, gains and other support
Expenses: Educational and general: Instruction Research Academic support Student services Institutional support Other
Total educational and general expenses
Auxiliary enterprises
Total expenses and losses
Increase in net assets from operating activities
Nonoperating: Contributions Change in fair value of interests in split interest agreements Investment return in excess of (less than) endowment spending amount Transfer between net assets Post-retirement medical plan changes other than net periodic cost State bond grant revenue Faculty retirement incentive program Net assets released from restrictions – for capital
Increase (decrease) in net assets from nonoperating activities
Increase (decrease) in net assets
Net assets:  Beginning of year  End of year
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See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

#### FAIRLEIGH DICKINSON UNIVERSITY

Consolidated Statements of Activities

Years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands of dollars)

		20	17		2016				
		Temporarily	Permanently			Temporarily	Permanently		
Ur	nrestricted	restricted	restricted	Total	Unrestricted	restricted	restricted	Total	
\$	271,071	_	_	271,071	279,476	_	_	279,476	
	(90,680)			(90,680)	(88,304)			(88,304)	
	180,391	_	_	180,391	191,172	_	_	191,172	
	2,422	1,704	_	4,126	2,203	1,530	_	3,733	
	229	_	_	229	311	_	_	311	
	3,400		_	3,400	3,037		_	3,037	
	2,934	549	_	3,483	2,495	434	_	2,929	
	4,123	72	_	4,195	4,342	25	_	4,367	
	31,621	_	_	31,621	33,052	_	_	33,052	
	(986)			(986)	(957)			(957)	
	224,134	2,325	_	226,459	235,655	1,989	_	237,644	
_	1,111	(1,111)			929	(929)			
_	225,245	1,214		226,459	236,584	1,060		237,644	
	83,009	_	_	83,009	80,792	_	_	80,792	
	542	_	_	542	430	_	_	430	
	37,011	_	_	37,011	35,393	_	_	35,393	
	42,365	_	_	42,365	41,604	_	_	41,604	
	32,364	_	_	32,364	36,454	_	_	36,454	
	433			433	224			224	
	195,724	_	_	195,724	194,897	_	_	194,897	
	22,254			22,254	23,989			23,989	
	217,978			217,978	218,886			218,886	
	7,267	1,214		8,481	17,698	1,060		18,758	
	7	269	524	800	38	107	484	629	
	_	7	(50)	(43)	_	13	(72)	(59)	
	3,472	3,288	8	6,768	(837)	(1,334)	(1)	(2,172)	
	(143)	50	93	_	(175)	112	63		
	4,527	_	_	4,527	(2,361)	_	_	(2,361)	
	1,327	_	_	1,327	3,215	_	_	3,215	
	(876)	_	_	(876)	(80)	_	_	(80)	
	567	(567)			267	(267)		<u> </u>	
_	8,881	3,047	575	12,503	67	(1,369)	474	(828)	
	16,148	4,261	575	20,984	17,765	(309)	474	17,930	
	170,032	24,694	22,306	217,032	152,267	25,003	21,832	199,102	

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Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands of dollars)

	_	2017	2016
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Increase in net assets	\$	20,984	17,930
Adjustments to reconcile increase in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities:		·	•
Depreciation and amortization		11,996	11,635
Provision for doubtful student accounts receivable		739	1,850
Change in allowance for doubtful student loans receivable		27	(19)
Gifts, donations and grants permanently restricted and temporarily restricted			` ,
for capital improvements		(2,075)	(3,730)
Gifts of property, plant and equipment			(25)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		288	`60 <sup>°</sup>
Net realized and unrealized (gains) losses on investments		(9,254)	308
Post-retirement medical plan changes other than net periodic cost		(4,527)	2,361
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		, ,	
Student accounts receivable		826	(2,163)
Accounts receivable and other current assets		1,063	1,193
Contributions receivable		244	737
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(3,112)	1,774
Accrued salaries and liabilities for compensated absences		49	3,338
Deferred tuition revenues		583	(35)
Post-retirement benefits liability		2,389	1,682
Other liabilities		425	(406)
Net cash provided by operating activities		20,645	36,490
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Deposits to restricted cash and cash equivalents		(27,071)	(24,861)
Distributions from restricted cash and cash equivalents		27,051	24,001
Proceeds from student loans collections		1,430	1,320
Student loans issued		(1,252)	(1,057)
Proceeds from sale of investments		70,484	9,509
Purchases of investments		(102,397)	(16,293)
Purchases of property, plant and equipment		(11,892)	(15,826)
Decrease in accounts payable for property, plant and equipment		(1,053)	(397)
	_		· · · · ·
Net cash used in investing activities	_	(44,700)	(23,604)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Gifts, donations and grants permanently restricted and temporarily restricted			
for capital improvements		2,249	3,982
Proceeds from issuance of debt		1,435	_
Principal payments of debt		(5,423)	(5,429)
(Decrease) increase in U.S. government grants refundable	_	(677)	36
Net cash used in financing activities	_	(2,416)	(1,411)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(26,471)	11,475
Cash and cash equivalents:			
Beginning of year	_	90,042	78,567
End of year	\$_	63,571	90,042
Supplemental information:			
Interest paid	\$	2,671	2,822
Noncash gifts-in-kind	•	237	206
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See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands of dollars)

### (1) Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Fairleigh Dickinson University (the University), founded in 1942, is the largest independent nonsectarian institution of higher education in New Jersey, serving approximately 12,000 students. With a wide range of academic programs and two main campuses in New Jersey, each with its own identity and separate mission, the University preserves the intimacy of a small college within a large suburban institution. The University also operates international campuses: Wroxton College in Oxfordshire, England, and the Fairleigh Dickinson University of British Columbia, Foundation. Courses are also offered at many locations around the State of New Jersey, and through online courses accessible from anywhere in the world.

The University offers over 100 degree programs on the undergraduate and graduate levels, including doctoral programs in pharmacy, clinical psychology, school psychology, and nursing practice, and programs in an Association to Advance Collegiate Schools of Business (AACSB) – accredited business school. Programs lead to associate, baccalaureate, master, and doctoral degrees. Areas of study include the following: business administration, clinical psychology, education certification, engineering and engineering technology, pharmacy, health sciences, hotel, restaurant and tourism management, liberal arts, nursing, pre-professional studies, public administration, and the sciences.

The significant accounting policies followed by the University are described below to enhance the usefulness of the consolidated financial statements to the reader.

#### (a) Income Taxes

The University is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The University's wholly owned subsidiary, Harbinger Corporation, currently inactive, is subject to income tax.

There are certain transactions that could be deemed unrelated business income and would result in a tax liability. Management reviews transactions to estimate potential tax liabilities using a threshold of more likely than not. It is management's estimation that there are no material tax liabilities that need to be recorded.

#### (b) Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America on the accrual basis and include the accounts of the University and the Fairleigh Dickinson University of British Columbia, Foundation (the University's Vancouver Campus), a wholly owned subsidiary which opened with academic programs in August 2007. The consolidated financial statements also include the accounts of the University's wholly owned inactive subsidiary, Harbinger Corporation. All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands of dollars)

#### (c) Net Assets

In the accompanying consolidated financial statements, the University's net assets, revenues, gains, and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions as follows:

- **Permanently Restricted** Net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations that they be maintained permanently by the University. Generally, the donors of these assets permit the University to use all or part of the investment return on these assets for either a specific purpose or the general use of the University (note 9).
- **Temporarily Restricted** Net assets whose use by the University is subject to donor-imposed stipulations that can be fulfilled by actions of the University pursuant to those stipulations or that expire by the passage of time. Investment income and gains/losses on permanently restricted net assets are reported as temporarily restricted until appropriated for expenditure in accordance with donor-imposed stipulations. The appropriation and spending of such income is subject to a standard of prudence, as more fully disclosed in note 9.
- Unrestricted Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed stipulations. Unrestricted net
  assets may be designated for specific purposes by action of the Board of Trustees or may
  otherwise be limited by contractual agreements with outside parties.

Expenses are reported as decreases in unrestricted net assets. Expiration of donor-imposed stipulations that simultaneously increase unrestricted net assets and decrease temporarily restricted net assets are reported as net assets released from restrictions. Temporarily restricted revenues received and expended during the same fiscal year are recorded as unrestricted revenues and expenses in the consolidated statements of activities.

### (d) Agency Transactions

Agency transactions such as externally provided tuition aid grants, federal direct loans, federal supplemental educational opportunity grants, the federal pell grant program and others received by government agencies and provided to students are not included in the consolidated financial statements. Agency receipts and disbursements were \$97,765 and \$97,786, respectively, in 2017 and \$96,873 and \$96,879, respectively, in 2016.

#### (e) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include money market deposits and highly liquid debt instruments with original maturities of three months or less when purchased.

### (f) Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

Restricted cash and cash equivalents represents monies legally earmarked for debt service reserves, repair and replacement reserves, bond interest fund, construction fund, scholarships, specific grants and other agreements with limitations as to use. These funds are primarily cash and U.S. treasuries and are considered Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy (see note 1(t) below).

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands of dollars)

### (g) Investments

The fair value of marketable investments, which consists of debt and equity securities, is based upon quoted market prices at year-end. Investments in mutual and commingled funds are stated at estimated fair value based on the net asset value (NAV) of funds. For funds that do not have a readily determinable fair value, these funds' reported NAV is used as a practical expedient to estimate the fair value of the University's interest therein. The NAV is provided by the investment managers, and evaluated for reasonableness by the University.

The consolidated statements of activities recognize unrealized gains and losses on investments as increases and decreases, respectively, in unrestricted net assets unless their use is temporarily or permanently restricted by explicit donor stipulation or by law. Purchase and sale transactions are recorded on a trade date basis. Gains and losses on the sale of investment securities are calculated using the average cost method to determine the cost of securities.

### (h) Student Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Student accounts receivable are recorded when billed to the student. Student accounts receivable are also reduced for allowance for doubtful accounts. The process for estimating the ultimate collection of receivables involves significant assumptions and judgments. Account balances are written off against the allowance when management determines it is probable the receivable will not be recovered. Historical collection is an integral part of the estimation process related to reserves for uncollectible accounts. Revisions in allowance for doubtful accounts estimates are recorded as an adjustment to the provision for bad debts.

### (i) Property, Plant and Equipment

Land is stated at cost. Land improvements, buildings, building improvements, furniture and equipment, are stated at cost less allowance for depreciation and amortization.

The University records furniture and equipment greater than five hundred dollars at the cost of acquisition and donated assets at fair value at date of donation. Upon sale or other disposition of assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and the resulting gain or loss, if any, is reflected in the consolidated statements of activities. Maintenance, repairs and minor renewals are charged to operations as incurred.

Depreciation is computed on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows: buildings, building improvements and land improvements, generally, 15 to 60 years; furniture, 15 years; equipment and other plant assets, 5 to 10 years.

Interest charges, net of related interest income, relating to the construction of major projects are capitalized during the construction phase.

Contributions restricted by donors for the acquisition and/or construction of land, buildings and equipment are reported as temporarily restricted revenues in nonoperating activities. These contributions are reclassified to unrestricted net assets upon acquisition of the assets or when the constructed assets have been placed in service.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands of dollars)

### (i) U.S. Government Grants Refundable

Funds provided by the U.S. government under the Federal Perkins Loan Program are loaned to qualified students and may be reloaned after collections. These funds are ultimately refundable to the U.S. government and are presented in the accompanying consolidated statements of financial position as a liability.

#### (k) Tuition and Fees

Tuition and fees are recognized on the accrual basis. Students are billed in advance of the services rendered, and revenues are recognized as earned. Amounts received in advance for tuition and fees that are not earned in the current year are included in deferred tuition revenues and are recognized as revenue in the subsequent year.

### (I) Scholarships, Tuition Grants and Aid

The policy of the University has been to award internal scholarships, tuition grants and aid to deserving students in lieu of accepting only students who have the ability to pay full tuition. Scholarships, tuition grants and aid are netted against tuition and fees.

### (m) Impairment

Long-lived assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. If such assets are deemed to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the fair value based on estimated undiscounted future net cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. Assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of the carrying amount or fair value less costs to sell. There was no impairment loss for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

### (n) Endowment Spending Rate

The University's endowment spending rate policy was designed to stabilize annual spending levels and to preserve the real value of the endowment portfolio over time. To meet these objectives, the policy limits spending of endowment return to 4.5% - 5.0% of the moving average of the fair value of endowment investments for the previous twelve quarters. The revenues from applying this endowment spending rate policy are recorded in the unrestricted and temporarily restricted operating revenues section in the consolidated statements of activities. Any difference between actual total endowment return, including realized and unrealized gains and losses, and the endowment spending rate is recorded in the nonoperating section of the consolidated statements of activities.

### (o) Operating Measure

The operating activities of the University include all revenues, gains and other support and expenses related to carrying out its mission of educating students. In accordance with the endowment spending rate policy, included in operating revenues is the return from endowment investments limited to the 4.5% - 5.0% spending rate (amounting to \$3,212 and \$2,740 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively) while nonoperating activities include endowment returns (less than) in excess of the spending rate. Nonoperating activities include contributions and grants for capital projects or of a

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands of dollars)

permanent nature to be used by the University to generate a return that will support operations. Nonoperating activities also include the change in fair value of interest in split interest agreements, transfer between net assets, post-retirement medical plan changes other than net periodic costs, faculty retirement incentive program, state bond grant revenue, early retirement of debt, and net assets released from restrictions for capital.

### (p) Use of Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The most significant estimates include liabilities for postretirement benefits, the allowance for doubtful student accounts and loans receivable, valuation of investments, functional allocation of expenses, and the asset retirement obligations. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## (q) Advertising

All advertising costs are expensed in the year they are incurred. The amount totaled \$1,593 in 2017 and \$1,473 in 2016.

### (r) Allocation of Expenses

Certain expenses related to more than one activity of the University were allocated among the appropriate functions. Operation and maintenance of plant expenses (including depreciation) of \$31,313 and \$30,371 in fiscal years 2017 and 2016, respectively, were allocated based on the square footage of space occupied by, or assets assigned to, each program and supporting service. Interest costs of \$2,725 and \$2,877 in fiscal years 2017 and 2016, respectively, were allocated functionally based on usage of debt proceeds. Employee benefits costs of \$33,899 and \$32,138 in fiscal years 2017 and 2016, respectively, were allocated functionally based on salary expenses.

### (s) Asset Retirement Obligations

The University has asset retirement obligations for asbestos related removal costs. The University accrues for asset retirement obligations in the period in which they are incurred if sufficient information is available to reasonably estimate the fair value of the obligation. Over time, the liability is accreted to its settlement value. Upon settlement of the liability, the University will recognize a gain or loss for any difference between the settlement amount and liability recorded. The liability recorded at June 30, 2017 and 2016 was \$13,720 and \$13,679, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands of dollars)

### (t) Fair Value Accounting

The University follows guidance with respect to accounting and reporting for the fair value of their financial assets and liabilities. This guidance defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value under generally accepted accounting principles and enhances disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date.

This guidance also establishes a hierarchy of valuation inputs based on the extent to which the inputs are observable in the marketplace. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity and unobservable inputs reflect the entities own assumptions about how market participants would value an asset or liability based on the best information available. Valuation techniques used to measure fair value must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The guidance describes a fair value hierarchy based on three levels of inputs, of which the first two are considered observable and the last unobservable, that may be used to measure fair value.

The following describes the hierarchy of inputs used to measure fair value for financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis. The three levels of inputs are as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted prices or published net asset values in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Inputs other than Level 1 that are observable, either directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the same terms of the assets or liabilities.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value measurement.

Inputs are used in applying the various valuation techniques and broadly refer to the assumptions that market participants use to make valuation decisions, including assumptions about risk. Inputs may include price information, volatility statistics, specific and broad credit data, liquidity statistics, and other factors. A financial instrument's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement; however, the determination of what constitutes "observable" requires significant judgment by the University. The University considers observable data to be that market data, which is readily available; regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market. The categorization of a financial instrument within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the instrument and does not necessarily correspond to the University perceived risk of that instrument.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands of dollars)

The availability of observable inputs can vary from product to product and is affected by a wide variety of factors, including for example, the type of product, whether the product is new and not yet established in the marketplace, the liquidity of markets and other characteristics particular to the transaction. To the extent that valuation is, based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised by the University in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3.

### (u) Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior year amounts in order to conform to the current year's presentation.

## (v) Subsequent Events

The University has performed an evaluation of subsequent events through October 17, 2017, the date the consolidated financial statements were issued and has determined that there are no subsequent events for disclosure.

### (2) Contributions Receivable

Contributions receivable include all unconditional promises to give and interests in split interest agreements where the University is the remainderman. Contributions are recognized as revenue when the unconditional promise is received. Unconditional promises are recognized at the estimated present value of the future cash flows, net of allowances. Promises made that are designated for future periods or restricted by the donor for specific purposes are reported as temporarily restricted or permanently restricted support. Conditional promises are recorded as contributions when donor stipulations are substantially met.

Interests in split interest agreements represent resources in which the University derives residual interest from the assets, primarily interests in charitable remainder trusts. These interests are recognized at the estimated fair value of the residual assets when the irrevocable trust is established or the University is notified of its existence.

Charitable remainder trusts neither in the possession nor under the control of the University, but held in trust by others, are included in the consolidated financial statements at fair value of the contributed assets less the estimated present value of the liabilities for future payments to other beneficiaries in the amount of \$177 and \$219 at June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Contributed charitable remainder trust assets under the control of the University as trustee are included at the estimated present value of \$162 and \$165 at June 30, 2017 and 2016, with a liability for future payments to other beneficiaries included at an estimated amount of \$11 and \$14 at June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

During fiscal year 2016, the University reported payments from charitable remainder trusts of \$75 from the closeout of certain trusts.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands of dollars)

The components of contributions receivable at June 30 are as follows:

	 2017	2016
Unconditional promises to give Interests in split interest agreements	\$ 1,728 339	2,190 384
	2,067	2,574
Less discount to present value	 (142)	(228)
	1,925	2,346
Less allowance for uncollectibles	 (3)	(6)
Net contributions receivable	\$ 1,922	2,340
	_	

Discount rates ranged as follows at June 30:

	2017	2016
Split interest agreements	3.75% to 9.2%	3.75% to 9.2%
Unconditional promises to give	4.2% to 5.9%	4.2% to 5.9%

Unconditional promises to give and interests in split interest agreements at June 30 are expected to be realized in the following periods:

	 2017	2016
Within one year	\$ 865	813
Between one to five years	718	1,143
More than five years	 339	384
	\$ 1,922	2,340

At June 30, 2017 and 2016, approximately 69% and 56% of the gross receivable was due from 3 donors.

As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, a conditional promise relating to a life insurance policy with a face value of \$4,000 is not included in these consolidated financial statements. The University is the beneficiary of the policy.

Expenses related to fundraising activities are \$3,919 and \$3,766 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands of dollars)

### (3) Student Loans Receivable

The University makes uncollateralized loans to students based on financial need. Student loans are funded mainly through Federal government loan programs.

The following is an analysis of student loans receivable aging as of June 30:

	_	2017	2016
Past due:			
1–89 days	\$	691	878
Greater than 90 days		227	216
Collections		1,132	1,097
Litigation		1,753	1,746
Total past due		3,803	3,937
Current		6,700	6,744
Total gross student loans receivable		10,503	10,681
Less allowance for doubtful receivables		2,738	2,711
Total net student loans receivable	\$	7,765	7,970

Management regularly assesses the adequacy of the allowance for credit losses by performing ongoing evaluations of the student loan portfolio, including such factors as the differing economic risks associated with each loan category, the financial condition of specific borrowers, the economic environment in which the borrowers operate, the level of delinquent loans, the value of any collateral and, where applicable, the existence of any guarantees or indemnifications. The University's receivable includes the amounts due from current and former students. Loans disbursed under the Federal government loan programs are able to be assigned to the Federal Government in certain nonrepayment situations. In these situations, the Federal portion of the loan balance is guaranteed.

Factors also considered by management when performing its assessment, in addition to general economic conditions and the other factors described above, included, but were not limited to, a detailed review of the aging of the student loan receivable detail and a review of the default rate by loan category in comparison to prior years. The level of the allowance is adjusted based on the results of management's annual analysis.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands of dollars)

## (4) Investments

Investments, which are recorded at fair value, at June 30, consist of:

		2017		2016		
	_	Fair value	Cost	Fair value	Cost	
U.S. government securities	\$	20,746	20,869	6,675	6,699	
Corporate stocks: Equities-marketable Equities-nonmarketable	_	 30	 30	550 30	483 30	
Total corporate stocks	_	30	30	580	513	
Corporate stock funds: Multi-strategy equity fund International equity mutual funds Domestic equity mutual funds Small cap commingled funds Equity index fund	_	17,722 14,948 13,547 3,804	9,072 14,612 13,316 3,888	29,890 4 162 — 18,547	14,940 4 139 — 9,901	
Total stock funds	_	50,021	40,888	48,603	24,984	
Total corporate stocks and stock funds	_	50,051	40,918	49,183	25,497	
Corporate bonds: Specific corporate bonds	_	<u> </u>		248	258	
Corporate bond funds: Fixed income mutual funds Bond fund	_	15,017 —	14,861 —	319 17,025	322 15,511	
Total corporate bond funds	_	15,017	14,861	17,344	15,833	
Total corporate bonds and corporate bond funds	_	15,017	14,861	17,592	16,091	
Other investments: Certificates of deposit Multi-asset mutual fund Real asset mutual funds Hedge fund Global multi-asset fund Other investments	_	15,606 8,110 6,139 3,942 —	15,736 8,008 6,250 3,942 —	   4,950 44		
Total other Investments	_	33,797	33,936	4,994	5,101	
Total investments	\$	119,611	110,584	78,444	53,388	
	=					

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands of dollars)

Included in U.S. Government Securities at June 30, 2017 and 2016 is \$6,627 and \$6,675, respectively, restricted for debt service and renewal and replacement. At June 30, 2017 and 2016, specific corporate bonds are also restricted for debt service and renewals and replacement in the amount of \$161 and \$125, respectively.

The following table presents the financial instruments carried at fair value as of June 30, 2017, by caption on the consolidated statement of financial position by the valuation hierarchy defined above:

		Total				
	_	fair value		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Investments:						
U.S. government securities	\$	20,746		_	20,746	_
Equities – nonmarketable		30		_	_	30
Corporate stock funds:						
International equity mutual funds		14,948		14,948	_	_
Domestic equity mutual funds		13,547		13,547	_	_
Fixed income mutual funds		15,017		15,017	_	_
Other Investments:						
Certificates of deposit		15,606		_	15,606	
Multi-asset mutual fund		8,110		8,110	_	_
Real estate mutual fund	_	6,139		6,139		
Total		94,143	\$	57,761	36,352	30
Investments reported at NAV or its equivalent:						
Multi-strategy equity fund (a)		17,722				
Hedge fund (b)		3,942				
Small cap commingled fund (c)	_	3,804	_			
Total investments	\$_	119,611	=			
Cash and cash equivalents: Short term investments, primarily						
U.S. government obligations Contributions receivable:	\$	2,182		_	2,182	_
Interest in split interest agreements	_	339				339
	\$_	2,521			2,182	339

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands of dollars)

The following table presents the financial instruments carried at fair value as of June 30, 2016, by caption on the consolidated statement of financial position by the valuation hierarchy defined above:

	_	Total fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Investments:					
U.S. government securities Corporate stocks:	\$	6,675	_	6,675	_
Equities – marketable		550	550	_	_
Equities – nonmarketable		30	_	_	30
Corporate stock funds:					
International equity mutual funds		4	4	_	_
Domestic equity mutual funds		162	162	_	_
Equity index fund		18,547	18,547	_	_
Corporate bonds		248	248	_	_
Corporate bond funds: Fixed income mutual funds		319	319	_	_
Other investments:					
Global multi-asset fund		4,950	4,950	_	_
Other Investments	_	44	44		<u> </u>
Total		31,529	\$ 24,824	6,675	30
Investments reported at NAV or its equivalent:					
Multi-strategy equity fund (a)		29,890			
Multi-strategy bond fund (d)	_	17,025	_		
Total investments	\$	78,444	=		
Cash and cash equivalents: Short term investments, primarily					
U.S. government obligations Contributions receivable:	\$	2,188	_	2,188	_
Interest in split interest agreements	_	384			384
	\$	2,572		2,188	384

The following are investment objectives for investments valued at net asset value:

(a) The investment objective of the Multi-Strategy Equity Fund is to offer an investment program that will provide, in a single fund, all of the strategy and manager diversification that an endowment would normally require for its equity allocation. The funds seeks to add value over long periods of time, above the return of the U.S. equity market as measured by the S&P Index and, due to its strategy and manager diversification, to reduce volatility in comparison to that of investing in the index. Redemption frequency is monthly with a notice period at end of month.

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(In thousands of dollars)

- (b) The hedge fund seeks to generate strong absolute returns by diversifying risk and maintaining a low correlation to broad asset classes across a market cycle. They allocate across geographies and hedge fund strategies. Redemption frequency is quarterly with a 90 day notice period.
- (c) The small cap commingled fund focuses on high quality companies with a proven record of above average rates of profitability that sell at a discount relative to the overall small cap market. The fund believes that a company with a history of above average profitability is likely to have a strong and sustainable position within a market niche. These type of companies typically generate strong cash flows that can be used to build the value of the business, or in some other way benefit the shareholder. Redemption frequency is monthly with a notice period of seven days.
- (d) The investment objective of the Multi-Strategy Bond Fund is to offer an actively managed, multimanaged investment program that will provide, in a single fund, broad exposure to global debt markets. The fund seeks to add value above the return of the broad U.S. bond market over a full market cycle, as measured by the Barclays Capital U.S. Aggregate Bond Index and, due to its strategy and manager diversification, to reduce volatility in comparison to that of investing in the index. Redemption frequency is monthly with a notice period at end of month.

The following table is a rollforward of the statements of financial position amounts for financial instruments classified by the University within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy defined above:

	 Other	Interest in split interest agreements
Fair values at June 30, 2015 Total losses (realized/unrealized)	\$ 30	447 (63)
Fair values at June 30, 2016	30	384
Total losses (realized/unrealized)	 	(45)
Fair values at June 30, 2017	\$ 30	339

Realized and unrealized losses in the table above are included in investment return in excess of the endowment spending amount in the consolidated statements of activities.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands of dollars)

### (5) Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment at June 30 consist of:

		2017	2016
Land and land improvements	\$	21,470	21,369
Buildings and building improvements		275,510	265,342
Furniture and equipment		42,717	41,884
Construction in progress		1,140	4,841
	_	340,837	333,436
Less accumulated depreciation:			
Buildings and building improvements		(123,678)	(115,915)
Furniture and equipment		(25,920)	(26,017)
	_	(149,598)	(141,932)
Property, plant and equipment, net	\$	191,239	191,504

Depreciation of property, plant, and equipment for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 amounted to \$11,869 and \$10,979, respectively. Accretion and depreciation expense relating to the asset retirement obligations for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 was \$868 and \$841, respectively.

The University had unfulfilled commitments for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 that are project funded by the State of New Jersey and related University matching funds totaling \$170 and \$760, respectively.

### (6) Revolving Credit Facility

At June 30, 2017, the University has a \$5,000 aggregate revolving credit facility (Credit Agreement) with a bank, which will expire on March 31, 2018. The interest rate is 200 basis points in excess of the London Interbank Offered Rate in effect when funds are drawn. The University anticipates that the Credit Agreement will be renewed. Borrowings under the Credit Agreement are collateralized by a first lien on unencumbered tuition and revenues. There were no borrowings under this agreement in fiscal years 2017 and 2016.

The Credit Agreement contains certain covenants that, among other things, place limitations on the University. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the most restrictive of these provisions required that the University's change in net assets from operating activities plus depreciation and amortization plus interest on long term debt for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 must equal or exceed aggregate annual debt service of long term debt by 1.15 times. Additionally, the University is required to reduce the aggregate unpaid principal balance of the Credit Agreement to \$0 for a period of at least 30 consecutive days at any one time prior to the expiration of the Credit Agreement. For the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, the University was in compliance with these covenants.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands of dollars)

# (7) Long-term Debt, net

Long-term debt at June 30 consists of:

		2017	2016
Bonds payable:			
Dormitory and Dining Hall Bonds of 1967, 3%, due serially through 2017	\$	120	230
Mortgages payable:			
3%, payable to Department of Housing and Urban			
Development in semi-annual installments of \$17			
including interest to 2021		107	138
Higher Education Facilities Revenue Bonds, Higher			
Education Capital Improvement Fund, 2000 Series A			
due serially through 2020, interest from 5.0% to 5.75%		1,020	1,204
Higher Education Facilities Revenue Bonds of 2006,			
Series G due serially through 2028, interest of 4.95%			
through 2021, adjusted thereafter based on terms		40.045	40.045
stated in the loan agreement		10,015	10,615
Higher Education Facilities Revenue Bonds of 2006,			
Series H due serially through 2027, interest of 4.95%			
through 2021, adjusted thereafter based on terms		CEC	705
stated in the loan agreement Higher Education Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds		656	705
of 2014, Series B due serially through 2032, interest of			
3.65% through 2029, adjusted thereafter based on terms			
stated in the loan agreement		44,845	47,035
Higher Education Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds of		44,040	47,000
2015, Series B due serially through 2023, interest from			
2.41% subject to adjustment per terms of loan agreement		14,410	16,580
Other debt:		,	,
NJEFA Dormitory Safety Trust Fund, 2001 and 2003			
Series A, due serially through 2018 at 0% interest		40	80
NJEFA Capital Improvement Fund, 2014 Series B,			
due serially through 2034 interest from 3.5% to 5%		252	261
NJEFA Capital Improvement Fund, 2016 Series B,			
due serially through 2037, interest from 3% to 5.5%		1,395	
		72,860	76,848
Add unamortized bond premium		48	18
Less deferred bond issuance costs		(569)	(625)
Net long-term debt	\$	72,339	76,241
-	_		

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands of dollars)

In accordance with each of the bond and mortgage indentures, the University maintains deposits of restricted cash and cash equivalents as well as marketable securities (note 4) with the trustee, having an aggregate fair value of \$9,924 and \$9,917 at June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, as debt service and renewal and replacement reserves. The bonds and mortgages are collateralized by land, buildings and certain net revenues.

The debt agreements contain various restrictive covenants, including a restriction that the annual debt service on outstanding borrowings not exceed 10% of unrestricted gross revenues. The University was in compliance with these restrictive covenants for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

Interest expense was \$2,725 and \$2,877 in fiscal years 2017 and 2016, respectively.

As of June 30, 2017, the total principal payments due over the next five fiscal years and thereafter are:

2018	\$ 5,649
2019	5,692
2020	5,883
2021	6,063
2022	5,967
Thereafter	 43,606
	\$ 72,860

#### (8) Postretirement Benefits

## (a) Retirement Plan

Retirement benefits are provided through Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association and/or College Retirement Equities Fund (TIAA-CREF), a national organization used to fund pension benefits for educational institutions.

All faculty, nonunion and clerical employees make contributions to the plan in addition to the contributions made by the University. The University's contributions to the plan for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 were \$6,516 and \$6,311, respectively.

### (b) Medical Plan

The University sponsors a defined benefit postretirement medical plan that covers all of its full-time tenured faculty and certain administrators. The employees eligible to receive benefits are those who have attained age 62 with 10 years of tenured service and are no longer actively employed by the University. Retired employees are required to contribute to the plan. The plan is not funded.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands of dollars)

The University recognized the difference between the benefit obligations and any plan assets of the University's defined postretirement medical plan. In addition, unrecognized amounts (e.g., net actuarial gains or losses and prior service costs or credits) to be recognized as changes to unrestricted net assets and that these amounts be adjusted as they are subsequently recognized as components of net periodic benefit cost based on the current requirements of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The following tables provide a reconciliation of the changes in the plans' benefit obligations and fair value of assets for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 and statements of the funded status both years.

	 2017	2016
Change in accumulated postretirement benefit obligation (APBO):		
APBO at July 1	\$ 39,629	35,586
Service cost	1,159	852
Interest cost	1,419	1,371
Retiree contributions	534	524
Benefits paid	(1,622)	(1,570)
Actuarial loss (gain)	 (3,628)	2,866
APBO at June 30	\$ 37,491	39,629
Change in plan assets:		
University's contribution	\$ 1,088	1,046
Retiree contributions	534	524
Benefits paid	 (1,622)	(1,570)
Net change in plan assets	\$ 	
		2242
	 2017	2016
Funded status of the plan:		
APBO in excess of plan assets	\$ 37,491	39,629
Accrued liabilities	\$ 37,491	39,629
Periodic costs recognized in income:		
Service cost	\$ 1,159	852
Interest cost	1,419	1,371
Amortization of net actuarial loss	 900	506
Net postretirement expense	\$ 3,478	2,729

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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(In thousands of dollars)

The amount recorded from unrestricted net assets into net periodic benefit cost in 2017 was net actuarial gain of \$4,527.

	 2017	2016
Weighted average assumptions used to determine		
benefit obligations at end of year:		
Discount rate	3.93%	3.73%
Rate of compensation increase	N/A	N/A
Healthcare cost trend:		
Increase from current to next fiscal year:		
Pre-65 medical	8.50	9.00
Post-65 medical	5.70	6.00
Prescription drug	10.50	10.50
Ultimate rate of decline	3.886	3.886
Year that the ultimate rate is attained	2075	2075
Amounts recognized in accumulated unrestricted net assets:		
Net actuarial loss	\$ 11,394	15,921

Estimated amount that will be amortized from accumulated unrestricted net assets into net periodic benefit cost in 2018 relates to an actuarial loss of \$628.

A one-percentage-point change in assumed healthcare cost trend rate would have the following effect:

		1% Point	1% Point	
	increase		decrease	
Effect on the accumulated postretirement benefit	¢	7 707	(0,000)	
obligation	\$	7,797	(6,039)	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands of dollars)

	2017	2016
Weighted average assumptions used to determine		
the net periodic benefit cost at beginning of year:		
Discount rate	3.73%	4.44%
Expected return on plan assets	N/A	N/A
Rate of compensation increase	N/A	N/A
Healthcare cost trend:		
Increase from current to next fiscal year:		
Pre-65 medical	9.00	8.50
Post-65 medical	6.00	7.00
Prescription drug	10.50	7.00
Ultimate rate of decline	3.886	5.000
Year that the ultimate rate is attained	2075	2022

A one-percentage-point change in assumed healthcare cost trend rate would have the following effect:

		1% Point increase	1% Point decrease
Effect on total service and interest cost components	\$	784	(562)

## **Expected Benefit Payments**

The following benefit payments, which reflect expected future service, as appropriate, are expected to be paid:

	Po	ostretirement benefits
Fiscal year:		
2018	\$	1,061
2019		1,119
2020		1,181
2021		1,284
2022		1,384
Years 2023–2027		7,918

Expected benefit payments is the total amount expected to be paid from the University's assets. For postretirement benefits, the amounts shown are net of plan participant contributions, but before deducting the expected federal subsidy under the Medicare Modernization Act of 2003 (MMA).

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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(In thousands of dollars)

Expected employer contributions for the postretirement benefits and federal subsidy under MMA for fiscal year 2017 are the same as expected benefit payments.

### (9) Endowment

The University adopted the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA) during 2009. This law provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting changes required when a not-for-profit organization (NPO) with donor-restricted endowments becomes subject to UPMIFA. In addition, UPMIFA requires all NPOs to provide enhanced disclosures with respect to their endowments.

The University's endowment consists of 136 individual funds established for a variety of purposes. The endowment includes both donor-restricted endowment funds and funds designated by the Board of Trustees to function as endowments. Net assets associated with endowment funds, including funds designated by the Board of Trustees to function as endowments, are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

The Board of Trustees of the University has interpreted the New Jersey State Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (SPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the University classifies as permanently restricted net assets (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not classified in permanently restricted net assets is classified as temporarily restricted net assets until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the University in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by SPMIFA. In accordance with SPMIFA the University considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted funds:

- The duration and preservation of the fund;
- The purposes of the University and the donor-restricted endowment fund;
- General economic conditions;
- The possible effect of inflation or deflation;
- The expected total return from income and the appropriation of investments;
- Other resources of the University; and
- The investment policy of the University.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands of dollars)

The University has adopted investment and spending policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment while seeking to maintain purchasing power of the endowment assets. Endowment assets include those assets of donor-restricted funds that the University must hold in perpetuity or for a donor-specific period(s) as well as board-designated funds. Under this policy, as approved by the Board of Trustees, the endowment assets are invested in a manner that is intended to produce a real return, net of inflation and investment management costs, of at least 5% over the long term. Actual returns in any given year may vary from this amount.

To satisfy its long-term rate-of-return objectives, the University relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). The University targets a diversified asset allocation that places a greater emphasis on equity-based investments to achieve its long-term objective within prudent risk constraints.

The University has a policy of appropriating for distribution each year 4.5% - 5.0% of its endowment fund's moving average fair value over the previous twelve quarters. In establishing this policy, the University considered the long-term rate of inflation. This is consistent with the University's objective to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets held in perpetuity or for a specific term as well as to provide additional real growth through new gifts and investment return.

At June 30, 2017, the endowment net asset composition by type of fund consisted of the following:

	U	nrestricted	Temporarily restricted	Permanently restricted	Total
Donor-restricted funds Board-designated funds	\$	<u> </u>	17,671 	22,881	40,552 42,748
Total funds	\$	42,748	17,671	22,881	83,300

During 2017, the University transferred \$3,025 of surplus funds into board designated endowment funds.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands of dollars)

Changes in the endowment net assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, consisted of the following:

	_	Unrestricted	Temporarily restricted	Permanently restricted	Total
Endowment net assets at beginning of year	\$	36,248	13,545	22,306	72,099
Investment return: Investment income Net appreciation		365	349	3	717
(realized and unrealized)	_	4,749	4,507	8	9,264
Total investment gain		5,114	4,856	11	9,981
Contributions Change in fair value of interests in		_	_	524	524
split-interest agreements Appropriation of endowment		_	_	(50)	(50)
assets for expenditure Other changes: Transfers to create		(1,639)	(1,570)	(3)	(3,212)
board-designated endowment funds Other transfers	_	3,025 —	 840	93	3,025 933
Endowment net assets at end of year June 30, 2017	\$_	42,748	17,671	22,881	83,300

At June 30, 2016, the endowment net asset composition by type of fund consisted of the following:

	<u>_ (</u>	Jnrestricted_	Temporarily restricted	Permanently restricted	Total
Donor-restricted funds Board-designated funds	\$	 36,248	13,545	22,306	35,851 36,248
Total funds	\$	36,248	13,545	22,306	72,099

During 2016, the University transferred \$7,931 of surplus funds into board designated endowment funds.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands of dollars)

Changes in the endowment net assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

	-	Unrestricted	Temporarily restricted	Permanently restricted	Total
Endowment net assets at beginning of year	\$	29,152	14,706	21,832	65,690
Investment return: Investment income Net appreciation (depreciation)		429	464	3	896
(realized and unrealized)		51	(392)	(1)	(342)
Total investment gain		480	72	2	554
Contributions		_	_	484	484
Change in fair value of interests in split-interest agreements  Appropriation of endowment		_	_	(72)	(72)
assets for expenditure Other changes:		(1,315)	(1,422)	(3)	(2,740)
Transfers to create board-designated endowment					
funds Other transfers		7,931 —	— 189	— 63	7,931 252
Endowment net assets at					
end of year June 30, 2016	\$	36,248	13,545	22,306	72,099

From time to time, the fair value of assets associated with individual donor-restricted endowment funds may fall below the level that the donor or UPMIFA requires to retain as a fund of perpetual duration. There were no deficiencies of this nature as of June 30, 2017 and 2016.

## (10) Net Assets

### (a) Composition of Temporarily Restricted Net Assets

Temporarily restricted net assets consist of the following at June 30:

	 2017	2016
Split interest agreements	\$ 282	275
Endowment return restricted for scholarships and other	17,671	13,545
Scholarships	2,897	3,370
Buildings and equipment	1,274	1,621
University programs and other	 6,831	5,883
	\$ 28,955	24,694

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June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands of dollars)

## (b) Composition of Permanently Restricted Net Assets

Permanently restricted net assets consist of endowment funds and the related investment income, which is restricted for the following purposes at June 30:

	 2017	2016
Split interest agreements	\$ 45	95
Pledges-endowed scholarships	531	735
Endowments-scholarships	18,944	18,128
Endowments-endowed chairs and other	3,315	3,305
Other-scholarships	 46	43
	\$ 22,881	22,306

## (11) Investment Return

The following schedules summarize the investment return and its classification in the consolidated statements of activities for the years ended June 30:

		2017			
	-	Unrestricted	Temporarily restricted	Permanently restricted	Total
Net interest and dividend income Net realized and unrealized gains	\$	458 5,948	539 3,298	8	997 9,254
Total return on investments		6,406	3,837	8	10,251
Less investment return designated for current operations: Endowment return-spending rate Other investment return	_	2,663 271	549 		3,212 271
Investment return in excess of endowment spending amount	\$ <u>_</u>	3,472	3,288	8_	6,768

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2017 and 2016

(In thousands of dollars)

2016

		2016			
		Unrestricted	Temporarily restricted	Permanently restricted	Total
Net interest and dividend income Net realized and unrealized gains	\$	622	443	_	1,065
(losses)		1,036	(1,343)	(1)	(308)
Total return on investments		1,658	(900)	(1)	757
Less investment return designated for current operations:		2,306	434		2.740
Endowment return-spending rate Other investment return	_	189			2,740 189
Investment return (deficiency) in excess of endowment spending amount	\$	(837)	(1,334)	(1)	(2,172)
spending amount	Ψ	(637)	(1,334)	(1)_	(2,172)

## (12) Commitments and Contingencies

At June 30, 2017, the University is obligated under operating leases for equipment, software and buildings used in its operations aggregating \$25,909. These obligations are payable for the following fiscal years ending:

2018	\$ 3,537
2019	3,371
2020	2,963
2021	2,673
2022	2,672
2023 and thereafter	10,693
	\$ 25,909

Equipment, software, and space rental expenses for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 were \$6,132 and \$5,818, respectively.

The University is involved in various legal proceedings which consist of litigation attributable to its normal course of business. The University and its attorneys believe that the ultimate outcome of such litigation will not have a significant effect on the consolidated financial condition, changes in net assets or cash flows of the University.

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(In thousands of dollars)

The University receives other funding from governmental agencies for various activities, which are subject to audit. Although such audits may result in disallowance of certain expenditures that would be absorbed by the University, in management's opinion the ultimate outcome of such audits would not have a significant effect on the consolidated financial condition, changes in net assets or cash flows of the University.

### (13) Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the University to a concentration of credit risk principally consist of cash and cash equivalents, student accounts receivable and investments. The University maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits of \$250 at June 30, 2017 and 2016, which is the maximum amount insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Company. However, management believes that their financial institutions are viable entities, and therefore, risk of loss is minimized. The University has not experienced any losses in such accounts. The University believes that the concentration of risk with respect to student accounts receivable is limited due to the large number of students comprising the University's student base. With respect to investments, the University maintains its investments in U.S. Government securities, corporate stocks, stock funds, bond funds, and bonds. The University periodically reviews the performance and risks associated with these investments, and believes that credit risk is limited.