A. GENERAL INFORMATION

A1.	Address Information
	Name of College or University Fairleigh Dickinson University
	Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country 1000 River Road, Teaneck, NJ 07666, USA
	Street Address (if different), City/State/Zip/Country
	Main Phone Number 201-692-2000
	WWW Home Page Address www.fdu.edu
	Admissions Phone Number 201-692-7308
	Admissions Toll-free Number 1-800-338-8803
	Admissions Office Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country 1000 River Road, H-DH3-10, Teaneck, NJ 07666
	Admissions Fax Number 201-692-7319
	Admissions E-mail Address admissions @fdu.edu
	If there is a separate URL for your school's online application, please specify:
	http://view2.fdu.edu/admissions/apply-now/
	If you have a mailing address other than the above to which applications should be sent, please provide:
A 2.	Source of institutional control (check one only)
11_1	Public
	Private (nonprofit)
	Proprietary
A3.	Classify your undergraduate institution:
	☐ Coeducational college
	☐ Men's college
	☐ Women's college
A4.	Academic year calendar
	Semester 4-1-4
	Quarter Continuous
	☐ Trimester ☐ Differs by program (describe):
	Other (describe):
A5.	Degrees offered by your institution
	Certificate Postbachelor's certificate
	☐ Diploma ☐ Master's
	Associate Post-master's certificate
	☐ Transfer ☐ Doctoral degree
	research/scholarship
	☐ Terminal ☐ Doctoral degree –
	professional practice
	Bachelor's Doctoral degree other
	-

B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

B1. Institutional Enrollment—Men and Women

Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2016. Note: Report students formerly designated as "first professional" in the graduate cells.

	FULL-TIME		PART-TIME	
	Men Women		Men	Women
Undergraduates				
Degree-seeking, first-time freshmen	482	573	23	43

Tuning Diemison em (elsty							
Other first-year, degree- seeking	3	8	0	1			
All other degree-seeking	1581	2077	594	548			
Total degree-seeking	2066	2658	617	592			
All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	3	9	687	1238			
Total undergraduates	2069	2667	1304	1830			
Graduate							
Degree-seeking, first-time	204	292	82	143			
All other degree-seeking	557	627	529	1133			
All other graduates enrolled in credit courses	8	5	4	12			
Total graduate	769	924	615	1288			

Total all undergraduates: <u>7870</u>

Total all graduate: 3596

GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS: 11466

B2. Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category.

Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2016. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns. Report as your institution reports to IPEDS: persons who are Hispanic should be reported only on the Hispanic line, not under any race, and persons who are non-Hispanic multi-racial should be reported only under "Two or more races."

	Degree-seeking First-time First year	Degree-seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non- degree-seeking)
Nonresident aliens	26	213	246
Hispanic/Latino	375	1449	1986
Black or African American, non- Hispanic	130	574	707
White, non-Hispanic	387	2113	3243
American Indian or Alaska Native, non- Hispanic	1	15	28
Asian, non-Hispanic	55	256	418
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, non-Hispanic	1	11	14
Two or more races, non-Hispanic	30	108	138
Race and/or ethnicity unknown	119	649	1090
Total	1124	5388	7870

Persistence

B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2015, to June 30, 2016.

Certificate/diploma	
Associate degrees	<u>62</u>
Bachelor's degrees	<u>1403</u>
Postbachelor's certificates	<u>2</u>
Master's degrees	1434
Post-master's certificates	<u>1</u>
Doctoral degrees – research/scholarship	<u>33</u>
Doctoral degrees – professional practice	<u>62</u>
Doctoral degrees – other	

Graduation Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 2016 Web-based survey.

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the Fall 2010 cohort if available. If Fall 2010 cohort data are not available, provide data for the Fall 2009 cohort.

Fall 2009 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall **2009**. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding Fall **2009**.

Fall 2010 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2010. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding Fall 2010.

- **B4.** Initial **2009** cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students: <u>1140</u>
- **B5.** Of the initial **2009** cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions: <u>0</u>
- **B6.** Final **2009** cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: 1140

(Subtract question B5 from question B4)

- **B7.** Of the initial **2009** cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2013): 425
- **B8**. Of the initial **2009** cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2013 and by August 31, 2014): <u>136</u>
- **B9.** Of the initial **2009** cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2014 and by August 31, 2015): <u>43</u>
- **B10**. Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9): 604
- **B11.** Six-year graduation rate for **2009** cohort (question B10 divided by question B6): <u>53.0</u> %

- **B4.** Initial **2010** cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students: 1170
- **B5.** Of the initial **2010** cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:
- **B6.** Final **2010** cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: 1170

(Subtract question B5 from question B4)

- **B7.** Of the initial **2010** cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2014): <u>365</u>
- **B8**. Of the initial **2010** cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2014 and by August 31, 2015): 169
- **B9.** Of the initial **2010** cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2015 and by August 31, 2016): <u>30</u>
- **B10**. Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9): <u>564</u>
- **B11.** Six-year graduation rate for **2010** cohort (question B10 divided by question B6): 48.2 %

For Two-Year Institutions

Please provide data for the 2013 cohort if available. If 2013 cohort data are not available, provide data for the 2012 cohort.

′1			
<u>2013 Cohort</u>			
B12 . Initial 2013 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:			
B13. Of the initial 2013 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanently disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:			
B14. Final 2013 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions(Subtract question B13 from question B12)			
B15. Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):			
B16. Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:			

B17. Completers of programs of at least two but less than **B17.** Completers of programs of at least two but less than

four years (total):	four years (total):
B18. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:	B18. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:
B19. Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:	B19. Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:
B20. Total transfers to two-year institutions:	B20. Total transfers to two-year institutions:
B21. Total transfers to four-year institutions:	B21. Total transfers to four-year institutions:

Retention Rates

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2015 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

B22. For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered your institution as freshmen in Fall 2015 (or the preceding summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in Fall 2016? 77%

Common Data Set 2016-2017 Fairleigh Dickinson University C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

Applications C1. First-time

applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in Fall 201 who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed of one of the following actions: admission, non-admission, placem applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-ladmission.	6. Include early dead include only those actionable application waiting list, of	estision, early action, and students estudents who fulfilled the ons) and who have been notified or application withdrawn (by
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	3276 4998	
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	<u>2413</u> <u>4038</u>	
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	485 23	
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled		<u>581</u> <u>44</u>
C2. Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission recontingent on space availability) Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list? You If yes, please answer the questions below for Fall 2016 admissions	es 🛛 No	ose final admission was
Number of qualified applicants offered a place on waiting list Number accepting a place on the waiting list Number of wait-listed students admitted		
Is your waiting list ranked? If yes, do you release that information to students? Do you release that information to school counselors?		
Admission Requirements C3. High school completion requirement Check the appropriate box to identify your high school completion ☐ High school diploma is required and GED is accepted ☐ High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted ☐ High school diploma or equivalent is not required	n requirement for de	egree-seeking entering students:
C4. Does your institution require or recommend a general college-particle. Require Recommend Neither require nor recommend	oreparatory progr	am for degree-seeking students?

C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

	Units Required	Units Recommended
Total academic units	16	18
English	4	4
Mathematics	3	3
Science	2	3
Of these, units that must be lab	2	3
Foreign language	2	2
Social studies		
History	2	2
Academic electives	3	4
Computer Science		
Visual/Performing Arts		
Other (specify)		

Basis for Selection
C6. Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies:
Open admission policy as described above for all students
Open admission policy as described above for most students, but
selective admission for out-of-state students
selective admission to some programs
other (explain)
-

C7. Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in your first-time, first-year, degree-seeking (freshman) admission decisions.

degree-seeking (freshinan) admission		.	a	N . G . I
	Very Important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
Academic				
Rigor of secondary school record		\boxtimes		
Class rank			\boxtimes	
Academic GPA				
Standardized test scores				
Application Essay				
Recommendation		\boxtimes		
Nonacademic				
Interview			\boxtimes	
Extracurricular activities			\boxtimes	
Talent/ability			\boxtimes	
Character/personal qualities			\boxtimes	
First generation				
Alumni/ae relation			\boxtimes	
Geographical residence				
State residency				\boxtimes
Religious affiliation/commitment				\boxtimes
Racial/ethnic status				\boxtimes
Volunteer work			\boxtimes	
Work experience				\boxtimes
Level of applicant's interest			\boxtimes	

SAT and ACT Policies

A. Does your institution make use of SA' degree-seeking applicants? Yes	T, ACT, or S	SAT Subject T	est scores in a	dmission decisions	for first-time, first-year
If yes, place check marks in the appropri Fall 2018.	ate boxes bel	low to reflect	your institutior	n's policies for use	in admission for
	Require l	Recommend	ADMISSION Require for Some	Consider If Submitted	Not Used
SAT or ACT ACT only SAT only SAT and SAT Subject Tests or					
ACT SAT Subject Tests					
B. If your institution will make use of the Fall 2018 please indicate which ONE of admissions process): X ACT with writing required ACT with writing recommended.	the following				
ACT with or without writing accepted	ed				
If your institution will make use of the S. Fall 2018 please indicate which ONE of admissions process): X SAT with Essay component required SAT with ESSAY component recom SAT with or without ESSAY component recommendation.	the following I nmended	g applies (reg			0 11
C. Please indicate how your institution w	vill use the SA	AT or ACT es	ssay componen	t; check all that app	dy.
		SAT es	say ACT e	ssay	
For admission					
For placement					
For advising					
In place of an application essage					
As a validity check on the app	lication essay				
No college policy as of now					
Not using essay component					
 D. In addition, does your institution use a yes x_ no E. Latest date by which SAT or ACT so Latest date by which SAT Subject T F. If necessary, use this space to clarify 	cores must be lest scores may your test po	e received for ust be receive plicies (e.g., if	fall-term admi d for fall-term tests are recom	ssionadmission	students, or if tests are
not required of some students): G. Please indicate which tests your ins SAT ACT SAT Subject Tests				sts):	

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		eigh Dickinson University	
AP]	•	
CLEP]		
Institutional Exam]		
State Exam (specify):			
	ing students who began	king, full-time and part-time, first-time, studies during summer, international studies	
standardized (SAT/ACT) to (freshman) students who su reading for a category of stud	est scores. Include info abmitted test scores. I dents) or combine other	r (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 20 primation for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking Do not include partial test scores (e.g., magestandardized test results (such as TOEFL ert New SAT scores (2016) to Old SAT so	ing, first-time, first-year thematics scores but not critical in this item. Do not convert
concordance tools and tables	(sat.org/concordance).	Ì	T T
The 25th percentile is the sco at or above. Percent submitting SAT	-	ed at or below; the 75th percentile score is Number submitting SAT scores	s the one that 25 percent scored 833
Percent submitting ACT		Number submitting ACT scores	<u>655</u>
recent submitting rier		rumoer sacinting rie i scores	
	25th Percentile	75th Percentile	

	25th Percentile	75th Percentile
SAT Critical Reading	445	545
SAT Math	455	555
SAT Writing	435	535
SAT Essay		
ACT Composite		
ACT Math		
ACT English		
ACT Writing		

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

	SAT Critical Reading	SAT Math	SAT Writing
700-800	2.2	2.2	2.0
600-699	11.5	14.9	8.3
500-599	38.5	41.5	37.3
400-499	43.5	39.6	44.7
300-399	4.3	1.8	7.7
200-299	0	0	0
	100%	100%	100%

	ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
30-36			
24-29			
18-23			
12-17			
6-11			
Below 6			
	100%	100%	100%

C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

Percent in top quarter of high school graduating Percent in top half of high school graduating cla Percent in bottom half of high school graduating Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduat Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman)	ass g class tting class	<u>26.4</u> <u>5.9</u>		om half = 100% ass rank: $\underline{53.4}$	ó.
C11. Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, fi point averages within each of the following ra from whom you collected high school GPA.					
Percent who had GPA of 3.75 and higher Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74 Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49 Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24	16.8 15.8 12.3 18.4				
Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99 Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49	25.2 11.7				
Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99 Percent who had GPA below 1.0	0 0 100%				
C12. Average high school GPA of all degree-seek $\underline{3.14}$	ing, first-	time, first-yea	r (freshman)	students who	submitted GPA:
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman)	students v	who submitted	high school G	PA: <u>97.7</u> %	
Admission Policies					
C13. Application fee					
Does your institution have an application fee? Amount of application fee: \$40	10	⊠ Yes	□No		
Can it be waived for applicants with financial n	eed?	⊠ Yes	□ No		
If you have an application fee and an on-line app Same fee: Free: <u>x</u> Reduced:	lication o	ption, please i	ndicate policy	for students v	vho apply on-line:
Can on-line application fee be waived for applica	nts with f	financial need	? Yes/no		
C14. Application closing date					
Does your institution have an application closin Application closing date (fall): Priority date:	g date?	☐ Yes	⊠ No		
C15. Are first-time, first-year students accepted f	or terms	other than the	e fall? 🛚 Yes	□No	
C16. Notification to applicants of admission decis	ion sent (fill in one only)		
On a rolling basis beginning (date):By (date): Other:					
C17. Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in	one only)				
Must reply by (date): No set date: Must reply by May 1 or within <u>2</u> weeks if notifi Other:	ed thereat	fter			

Deadline for housing deposit (MMDD): <u>0501</u>
Amount of housing deposit: \$350 Refundable if student does not enroll?
Yes, in full
Yes, in part
<u>X</u> No
C18. Deferred admission: Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after admission? Yes No
If yes, maximum period of postponement:
C19. Early admission of high school students: Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before high school graduation? ☐ Yes ☐ No
C20. Common Application: Question removed from CDS. (Initiated during 2006-2007 cycle)
Early Decision and Early Action Plans
C21. Early decision: Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for fall enrollment? Yes No
If "yes," please complete the following:
First or only early decision plan closing date First or only early decision plan notification date
Other early decision plan closing date Other early decision plan notification date
For the Fall 2016 entering class:
Number of early decision applications received by your institution Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan
Please provide significant details about your early decision plan:
C22. Early action: Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college? The second state in the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college? If "yes," please complete the following: Early action closing date Early action notification date
Is your early action plan a "restrictive" plan under which you limit students from applying to other early plans?
☐ Yes ☐ No
D. TRANSFER ADMISSION
Fall Applicants
D1. Does your institution enroll transfer students? ☐ Yes ☐ No (If no, please skip to Section E) If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit by transferring credits earned from course work completed at other colleges/universities? ☐ Yes ☐ No

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D2. Provide the number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in Fall 2016.

	Applicants	Admitted Applicants	Enrolled Applicants
Men	596	519	249
Women	859	699	238
Total	1455	1218	487

Application for Admission

D3.	Indicate terms for ☐ Fall	r which transfers Winter	s may enroll: ⊠ Spring	Summer Su			
D4.	Yes No			-	ed or else must apply	_	eshman?
D5.	Indicate all items	required of tran	sfer students to	apply for admission:			
			Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not required
	High school tra	nscript					X
	College transcri	ipt(s)	X				
	Essay or person	al statement					X
	Interview						X
	Standardized te	st scores					X
	Statement of go from prior instit						X
	If a minimum higl (on a 4.0 scale): _		oint average is re	equired of transfer a	pplicants, specify		
D7 .	If a minimum coll (on a 4.0 scale): 2		average is requir	red of transfer applic	cants, specify		
D8 .	List any other app	lication requiren	nents specific to	transfer applicants:			

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D9. List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

	Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
Fall					X
Winter					
Spring					X
Summer					X

D10. Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to transfer students? Yes No
D11. Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable:
Transfer Credit Policies
D12. Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit:
D13. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-year institution: Number 64 Unit type credits
D14. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four-year institution: Number 90 Unit type credits
D15. Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree:
D16. Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree:
D17. Describe other transfer credit policies:

Common Data Set 2016-2017 Fairleigh Dickinson University E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1. Special study options: Identify those programs available at your i	nstitution. Refer to the glossary for	or definitions.
	nt study s/career combination signed major ad rtification program	
E2. Has been removed from the CDS.		
E3. Areas in which all or most students are required to complete se	ome course work prior to gradu	ation:
 ☑ Arts/fine arts ☑ Computer literacy ☑ English (including composition) ☑ Foreign languages ☑ History ☑ Other (describe): ☑ Humanities ☑ Mathematics ☑ Philosophy ☑ Sciences (biologonical science) 	gical or physical)	
F. STUDENT LIFE		
F1. Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) degree-seeking enrolled in Fall 2016 who fit the following categories:	First-time, first-year	ndergraduates Undergraduates
Percent who are from out of state (exclude international/nonreside	(freshman) students	
aliens from the numerator and denominator)	<u>16.1</u>	<u>14.8</u>
Percent of men who join fraternities Percent of women who join sororities		
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing		41.6
Percent who live off campus or commute Percent of students age 25 and older	39.6 9.4	<u>58.4</u> 17.1
Average age of full-time students	<u>18.2</u>	20.8
Average age of all students (full- and part-time)	<u>19.1</u>	<u>23</u>

F2. Activities offered Identify those programs available at your institution. ☐ Campus Ministries ☐ Literary magazine Radio station Choral groups Marching band Student government
 ■ Concert band Model UN Student newspaper Music ensembles Student-run film society M Dance Musical theater Symphony orchestra ☐ Drama/theater ☐ Television station ☐ International Student Opera Organization Pep band ☐ Yearbook Jazz band **F3. ROTC** (program offered in cooperation with Reserve Officers' Training Corps) Army ROTC is offered: On campus At cooperating institution (name): Seton Hall University Naval ROTC is offered: On campus At cooperating institution (name): __ Air Force ROTC is offered: On campus At cooperating institution (name): New Jersey Institute of Technology F4. Housing: Check all types of college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates at your institution. Coed dorms Special housing for disabled students Men's dorms Special housing for international students Women's dorms ☐ Fraternity/sorority housing Apartments for married students Cooperative housing Apartments for single students Theme housing Wellness housing Other housing options (specify): Life House, Honor's House, Global Scholar's Hall

G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

G0. Please provide the URL of your institution's net price calculator:

https://fo Provide institution	du.studentaidcalculator.com/wel 2017-2018 academic year costs o on.	<u>come.aspx</u> of attendance for the followin	g categories that are applicable	to your
appr avai Plea G1. Un List acad hour June Roo inclu	ck here if your institution's 2017-2 oximate date (i.e., month/day) who lable: use refer to campus level CDS for G1 to Codergraduate full-time tuition, red the typical tuition, required fees, a lemic year (30 semester hours or 4 cost by number of credits). A full c; usually equated to two semesters m and board is defined as double of the control of	en your institution's final 2017 G6 quired fees, room and board nd room and board for a full-ti 5 quarter hours for institutions academic year refers to the pe to two trimesters, three quarters accupancy and 19 meals per we students must pay that are not	ime undergraduate student for the that derive annual tuition by multiplication of time generally extending stores, or the period covered by a four-eek or the maximum meal plan. In the standard of the standa	FULL 2017-2018 tiplying credit from September to one-four plan. Required fees
Г		FIRST-YEAR	UNDERGRADUATES	
-	PRIVATE INSTITUTION Tuition: PUBLIC INSTITUTION Tuition: In-district: In-state (out-of-district): Out-of-state: NONRESIDENT ALIEN: Tuition:			
	REQUIRED FEES:			
-	ROOM AND BOARD: (on-campus) ROOM ONLY: (on-campus) BOARD ONLY: (on-campus meal plan)			
	omprehensive tuition and room and es):	d board fee (if your college car	nnot provide separate tuition and	room and board
О	ther:			
	nber of credits per term a studen			mmaximum

If yes, what percentage of full-time undergraduates pay more than the tuition and fees reported in G1? ______

G4. Do tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program?

Yes ____ No

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Fairleigh Dickinson University G5. Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
Books and supplies:			
Room only:			
Board only:			
Room and board total (if your college cannot provide separate room and board figures for commuters not living at home):			
Transportation:			
Other expenses:			

G6. Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only):

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	
I ODLIC INSTITUTIONS	
In-district:	
In-state (out-of-district):	
Out-of-state:	
Out-or-state.	
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

I-1. Instructional Faculty Members

Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2016. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	Full-time	Part-time
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or predoctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(C) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instruction faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as Black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formerly designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD).

Terminal master's degree: a master's degree that is considered the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (in architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts in art or theater).

	10	an leigh Dickinson Chiversity						
		Full-time	Part-time	Total				
a.) Tota	al number of instructional faculty	355	841	1196				
b.) Tota	al number who are members of							
min	ority groups							
c.) Tota	al number who are women							
d.) Tota	al number who are men							
e.) Tota	al number who are nonresident aliens							
(inte	ernational)							
f.) Tota	al number with doctorate, or other							
tern	ninal degree							
g.) Tota	al number whose highest degree is a							
mas	ster's but not a terminal master's							
h.) Tota	al number whose highest degree is a							
bacl	helor's							
i.) Tota	al number whose highest degree is							
unk	nown or other (Note: Items f , g , h , and							
i mu	ust sum up to item a .)							
j.) Total	number in stand-alone							
	e/professional programs in which							
faculty t	each virtually only graduate-level							
students								

I-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2016 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2016 Student to Faculty ratio: 14 to 1 (based on 8621 students and 635 faculty).

I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2016 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of *class sections* and *class subsections* offered in Fall 2016. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)

Chariffuature Stabs Size (provide nambers)								
	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SECTIONS	351	771	366	81	14	9	1	1593
		_						
	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total

	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SUB- SECTIONS								

J. Disciplinary areas of DEGREES CONFERRED

Degrees conferred between July 1, 2015 and June 30, 2016

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

Category	Diploma/ Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 2010 Categories to Include
Agriculture				1
Natural resources and conservation				3
Architecture				4
Area, ethnic, and gender studies				5
Communication/journalism			4.6	9
Communication technologies				10
Computer and information sciences			1.9	11
Personal and culinary services				12
Education				13
Engineering			0.8	14
Engineering technologies			2.1	15
Foreign languages, literatures, and linguistics			0.1	16
Family and consumer sciences				19
Law/legal studies				22
English			2.9	23
Liberal arts/general studies		87.1	31.6	24
Library science				25
Biological/life sciences			4.8	26
Mathematics and statistics			1.4	27
Military science and military technologies				28 and 29
Interdisciplinary studies			3.2	30
Parks and recreation				31
Philosophy and religious studies			0.1	38
Theology and religious vocations				39
Physical sciences			0.9	40
Science technologies				41
Psychology			9.9	42
Homeland Security, law enforcement,			4.1	43
firefighting, and protective services				
Public administration and social services				44
Social sciences			4.0	45
Construction trades				46
Mechanic and repair technologies				47
Precision production				48
Transportation and materials moving				49
Visual and performing arts			5.1	50
Health professions and related programs		12.9	5.4	51
Business/marketing			15.5	52
History			1.6	54
Other				
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	

Common Data Set Definitions

- All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.
- ♦ Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.
- *Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska Native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) and maintaining tribal affiliation or community attachment.

Applicant (first-time, first year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black or African American: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa.

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

Campus Ministry: Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctor's degree-research/scholarship: A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Sc., D.A., or D.M, and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-professional practice: A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded after a period of study such that the total time to the degree, including both pre-professional and professional preparation, equals at least six full-time equivalent academic years. Some of these degrees were formerly classified as "first-professional" and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.); Osteopathic Medicine (D.O.); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-other: A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree - research/scholarship or a doctor's degree - professional practice.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college **in the United States** without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad**.

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, first-year (freshman) student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

Hispanic or Latino: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

International student group: Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require more than two full-time equivalent academic years of work.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Model United Nations: A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.

Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.

*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

Financial Aid Definitions

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits any one of the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants
Non-need utition waivers
Non-need tuition waivers
Non-need athletic awards
Non-need federal grants
Non-need state grants
Non-need state grants
Non-need state grants

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.