

# FROM ONE TITLE IX COORDINATOR TO ANOTHER:

A Practical Approach to Navigating Beyond Compliance

Andrea Stagg and Kate Legee September 29-30, 2025

# **ABOUT US**

#### Vision

We exist to create safe and equitable work and educational environments.

### Mission

To bring systemic change to how school districts and institutions of higher education address their Clery Act & Title IX obligations.

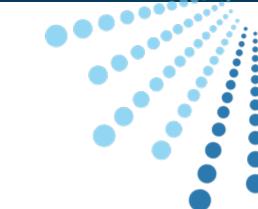
### **Core Values**

- Responsive Partnership
- Innovation
- Accountability
- Transformation
- Integrity





# THE EVER-EVOLVING LANDSCAPE® OF TITLE IX



# TITLE IX

# Title IX of the Education Amendments Act of 1972

"No person in the United States shall, on the basis of sex, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any education program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance."

20 U.S.C. § 1681 (1972).

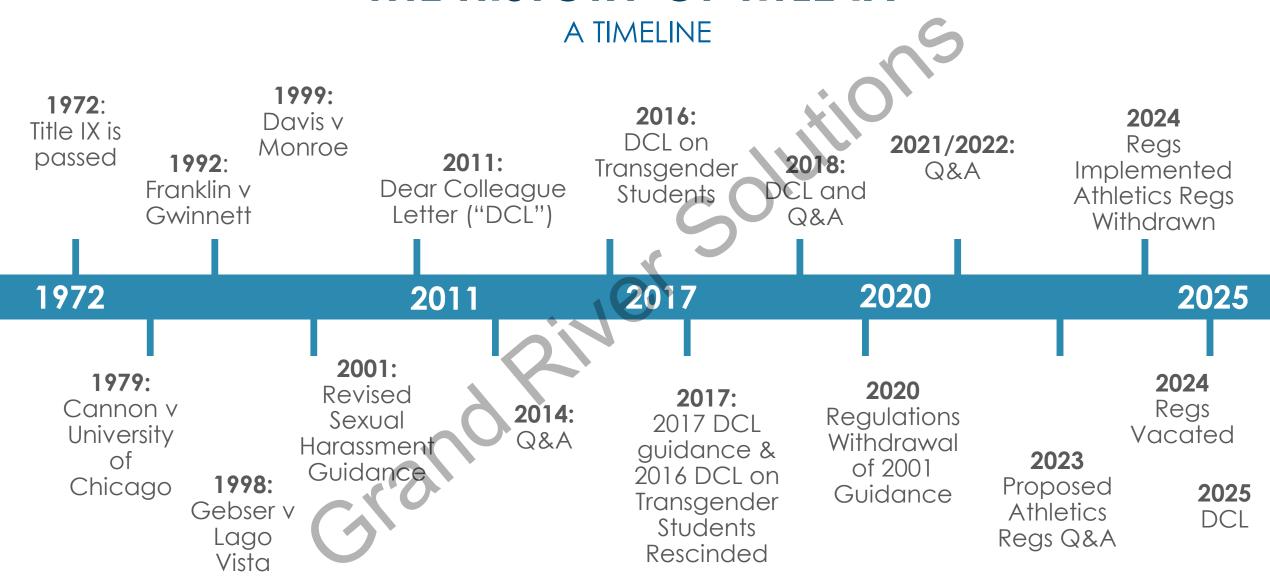


# TITLE IX APPLIES TO ALL FORMS OF SEX DISCRIMINATION

- Sexual Harassment
- Achievement Awards
- Athletics
- Benefits
- Financial Aid
- Leaves of absence and re-entry policies
- Opportunities to join groups
- Pay rates
- Recruitment

- Retention Rates
- Safety
  - Screening Exams
- Sign-on Bonuses
- Student and Employee Benefits
- Thesis Approvals
- Vocational or College Counseling
- Research opportunities

### THE HISTORY OF TITLE IX



# WHERE WE ARE

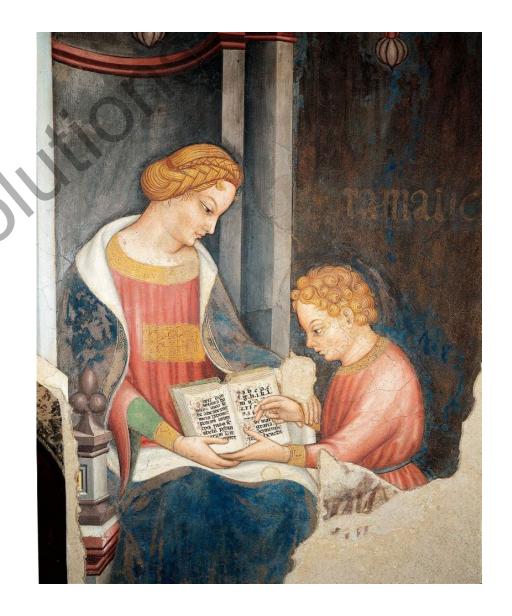
U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Kentucky

- One of the 7 lawsuits about the regs
- Already issued a preliminary injunction on June 17, 2024
- Vacated the regulations on January 9, 2025



# WHAT IS VACATUR?

- Vacatur is Latin for "it is vacated"
- "Vacatur operates on the rule itself and prevents the rule's application to all who would otherwise be subject to its operation"
- "A vacatur order takes the unlawful agency action off the books—an entirely appropriate response when a plaintiff successfully establishes that the agency's conduct violates the law"
- "The entire Final Rule and corresponding regulations are invalid and must be set aside"



### THE TITLE IX REGULATIONS

SEXUAL HARASSMENT ONLY



Narrows the definition of sexual harassment;



Narrows eligibility to file a complaint;



Narrows the scope of the institution's educational program or activity;



Develops procedural requirements for the investigation and adjudication of sexual harassment complaints, only.

# TYPES OF CONDUCT



# SEXUAL HARASSMENT: DEFINED IN 1996, 2001, & 2011 GUIDANCE

Sexual harassment means conduct on the basis of sex that satisfies one or more of the following:

- (1) Conditioning the provision of an aid, benefit, or service of the recipient on an individual's participation in unwelcome sexual conduct;
- (2) Unwelcome conduct determined by a reasonable person to be so **severe**, **pervasive**, OR **objectively offensive** that it **effectively denies** a person equal access to the recipient's education program or activity; or
- (3) Sexual assault is a form of sexual harassment

\*Dating Violence, Domestic Violence, Stalking not included pre 2020 regulations.

# SEXUAL HARASSMENT: SECTION 106.30

Sexual harassment means conduct on the basis of sex that satisfies one or more of the following:

- (1) An **employee** of the recipient conditioning the provision of an aid, benefit, or service of the recipient on an individual's participation in unwelcome sexual conduct;
- (2) Unwelcome conduct determined by a reasonable person to be so **severe**, **pervasive**, and **objectively offensive** that it **effectively denies** a person equal access to the recipient's education program or activity; or
- (3) "Sexual assault" as defined in 20 U.S.C. 1092(f)(6)(A)(v), "dating violence" as defined in 34 U.S.C. 12291(a)(10), "domestic violence" as defined in 34 U.S.C. 12291(a)(8), or "stalking" as defined in 34 U.S.C. 12291(a)(30).

"SPECIFIC OFFENSES" (VAWA)

These are conformed to VAWA Amendments to the Clery Act



# **DATING VIOLENCE**

#### Definition:

- "Violence committed by a person
- Who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim;
- The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the reporting party's statement and with consideration of:
  - The length of the relationship;
  - The type of relationship; and
  - The frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship"

# **DOMESTIC VIOLENCE**

The term domestic violence is a "felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence" committed by:

- A. A current or former spouse of the victim
- B. A person with whom the victim shares a child in common
- C. A person who is cohabitating with, or has cohabitated with, the victim as a spouse or intimate partner.
- D. A person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the violence occurred
- E. Or any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred

# **SEXUAL ASSAULT**

Sexual Assault includes Rape, Sodomy, Sexual Assault With an Object, Sexual Contact, Incest, and Statutory Rape.

These definitions come from the FBI.

# **SEX OFFENSES**

- **A. Rape** The penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim.
- **B. Sodomy** Oral or anal sexual intercourse with another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.
- C. Sexual Assault With an Object The use of an object or instrument to unlawfully penetrate, however slightly, the genital or anal opening of the body of another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

# **SEX OFFENSES PT 2**

- **D. Sexual Contact (Replaced Fondling)** The intentional touching of the clothed or unclothed body parts without consent of the victim for the purpose of sexual degradation, sexual gratification, or sexual humiliation. The forced touching by the victim of the actor's clothed or unclothed body parts, without consent of the victim for the purpose of sexual degradation, sexual gratification, or sexual humiliation.
- **E. Incest** Nonforcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.
- **F. Statutory Rape** Nonforcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

# **STALKING**

- The term stalking means "engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to—
  - A. fear for the person's safety or the safety of others; or
  - B. suffer substantial emotional distress.



# **EXAMPLE: STALKING**

• A student shares that another student is staring at them at the dining hall which is making them uncomfortable. Complainant says that they see the other student around campus a few times a week. There have been no communication attempts by Respondent.

• Will you address under Title IX? Why or why not? What other information do you need to know?



# LOCATION AND GEOGRAPHY





# **COVERED GEOGRAPHY**

Includes locations, events, or circumstances over which the recipient exercised substantial control over both the respondent and the context in which the sexual harassment occurs, and also includes any building owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by a postsecondary institution.

- ✓ On campus or in a building owned or controlled
- ✓ Off-campus incident that occurs as part of the institution's operations
- Institution exercised substantial control over the respondent and the context of alleged sexual harassment that occurred off campus pursuant to § 106.44(a); or
- ✓ The incident of sexual harassment occurs at an off-campus building owned or controlled by a student organization officially recognized by a postsecondary institution

# NOT COVERED GEOGRAPHY

- x Off campus conduct, even if it has an impact on the educational program or activity;
- x Conduct that occurs outside of the United States.



# WOULD THIS FALL UNDER TITLE IX?

Taylor, a 2nd year student, comes into the Title IX Office on Monday morning requesting a meeting, sharing that "Alex raped me at a party on Saturday at the 'A Capalla House'."

Some members of the A Capella club rent a house offcampus and they frequently throw parties..

Taylor is alleging "Alex raped me when I was drunk at the A Capella House."

- Would this fall under Title IX?
- Why or why not?
- What other information would you need to find out to make this determination?



# REQUIRED IDENTITY

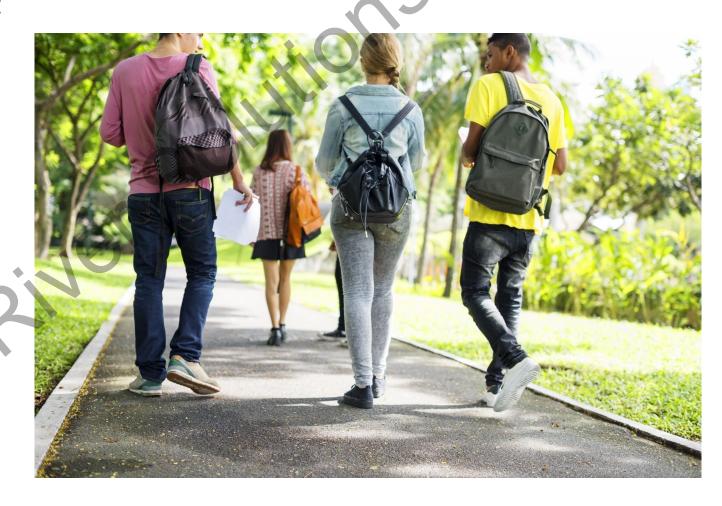


# **COVERED INDIVIDUALS**

ELIGIBILITY FOR TITLE IX'S PROTECTIONS:

"At the time of filing a formal complaint, a complainant must be participating in or attempting to participate in the education program or activity of the recipient with which the formal complaint is filed." 34 C.F.R. § 106.30

- Applicant
- Enrolled or EmployedAccepted or Hired



# TITLE IX APPLICATION (POST-MAY 2020)

#### **Type of Conduct**

- Hostile Environment
- Sexual Harassment
- Quid Pro Quo
- Sexual Assault
- Dating/Domestic Violence
- Stalking

# Ed Program or Activity

- On campus
- Campus Program, Activity, or Building
- In the United States

# Required Identity

- Complainant is participating or attempting to participate in the Ed Program or activity
- Institution has control over Respondent

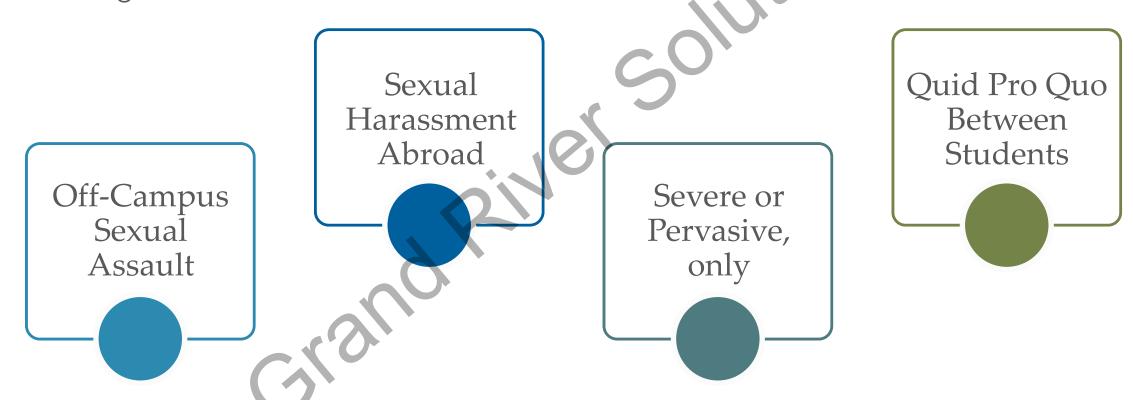
# Apply 106.45 Procedures

Required Response:

Section 106.45 Procedures

# CONDUCT FALLING OUTSIDE THE SCOPE OF TITLE IX

- >Apply other institutional policies and procedures
- Ensure that those policies and procedures comply with VAWA/Clery, other intersecting federal and state laws



# IS THIS TITLE IX SEXUAL HARASSMENT?

You receive a 3rd party report from a Coach who heard some rumors about a student on their team, Dani.

Dani is constantly receiving sexually explicit photos via Snapchat from another teammate. Dani has asked them to stop numerous times. When they are at practice together, this individual often approaches Dani to make jokes of a sexual nature. This has happened about 3 times so far this week. Dani usually laughs it off. Dani emailed me saying they needed to miss practice today because they are "sick".

Why? Why not? What other information would you need to know?

ADDITIONAL REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS



### **ACTUAL NOTICE**

#### Institution <u>must</u> respond when it has:

#### "Actual Knowledge..."

- When "an official of the recipient who has authority to institute corrective measures" has notice
- e.g., Title IX Coordinator

# ...of "sexual harassment that occurred within the school's "education program or activity....

- "Includes locations, events, or circumstances over which the recipient exercised substantial control" over the respondent and the context in which the sexual harassment occurred
- Fact specific inquiry focused on control, sponsorship, applicable rules, etc.

#### ...against a "person in the United States"

• So, not in the study abroad context

A Narrowed Scope of Institutional Responsibility



# INITIAL RESPONSE REQUIREMENTS





2. Outreach/Response from Title IX Coordinator

3. Support Measures, whether or not Formal Complaint is filed

4. How to File

5. Options for Resolution

# PROCEDURAL REQUIREMENTS FOR INVESTIGATIONS

Notice to BOTH parties

Equal Opportunity to Present Evidence

An advisor of choice

Written notification of meetings, etc., and sufficient time to prepare

Opportunity to review all directly related evidence, and 10 days to submit a written response to the evidence prior to completion of the report

Report summarizing relevant evidence and 10-day review of report prior to hearing

### PROCEDURAL REQUIREMENTS FOR HEARINGS

Must be live, but can be conducted remotely

Cannot compel participation of parties or witnesses

Standard of proof used may be preponderance of the evidence or clear and convincing; standard must be the same for student and employee matters

Cross examination must be permitted and must be conducted by advisor of choice or provided by the institution

Decision maker determines relevancy of questions and evidence offered

Written decision must be issued that includes finding and sanction

# K-12: HEARINGS OPTIONAL

- Schools have the flexibility to allow for no hearings or for hearings in limited circumstances that they may define by policy
- Whatever policy requires, rules adopted must apply equally to all parties
- If hearings are permitted, the procedures set forth in the Regulations are not required; use a hearing process that is age/school appropriate



#### K-12: THREE REQUIREMENTS

- 1. Before any determination of responsibility is made, the decision-maker(s) must afford each party "the opportunity to submit written, relevant questions that a party wants asked of any party or witness, provide each party with the answers, and allow for additional, limited follow-up questions from each party."
- 2. Questions about the Complainant's prior sexual history predisposition or behavior are not permitted except under certain circumstances.
- 3. The decision-maker(s) must explain to the party proposing the questions any decision to exclude a question as not relevant.

#### FINAL RULE § 106.45(B)(8)

"Institutions must offer both parties an appeal from a determination regarding responsibility, and from a recipient's dismissal of a formal complaint or any allegations therein."



#### **APPEALS: MANDATORY GROUNDS**

(A) Procedural irregularity that affected the outcome of the matter;

(B) New evidence that was not reasonably available at the time the determination regarding responsibility or dismissal was made, that could affect the outcome of the matter; and/or

(C) The Title IX
Coordinator,
investigator(s), or
decision-maker(s) had
a conflict of interest or
bias for or against
complainants or
respondents generally
or the individual
complainant or
respondent that
affected the outcome
of the matter.

#### OTHER REQUIREMENTS OF THE REGULATIONS

Dissemination of Designation of a Title Separation of IX Coordinator Responsibilities policy Training and posting **Impartiality** Record Keeping of training

## BUILDING A FOUNDATION FOR SUCCESS





#### FINAL RULE, SECTION 106.8

Designation of Coordinator, Dissemination of Policy, and Adoption of Grievance Procedures

"Each recipient must designate and authorize at least one employee to coordinate its efforts to comply with its responsibilities under this part, which employee must be referred to as the Title IX Coordinator."

#### Additionally:

- The recipient must notify [everyone] of the name or title, office address, email address, and telephone number of the coordinator(s).
- Any person may report in person, by mail/email, telephone using the contact information.
- Reports can be made at anytime.

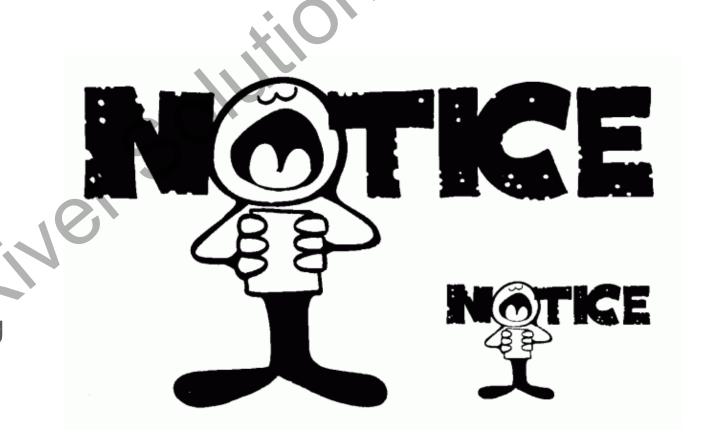


FINAL RULE, SECTION 106.8 (a)

The institution must notify applicants and all members of the community of the Title IX Coordinator's:

- 1. Name or Title
- 2. Office address
- 3. Email address
- 4. Phone number

Any person may report, at any time, sex discrimination, including sexual harassment in person, by mail, by telephone, by email, or any other means using the contact information listed



### RESPONSIBILITIES REQUIRED UNDER TITLE IX AND THE REGULATIONS

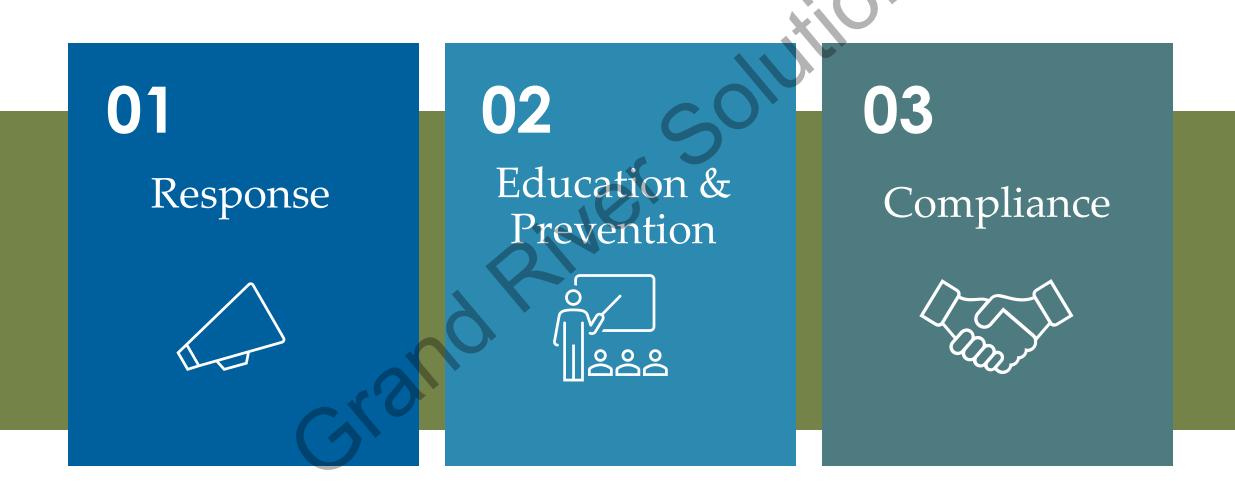
- Serve as the primary pathway for receipt of reports of sex discrimination and sexual harassment
- Upon receipt of a report, promptly contact the complainant to discuss the availability of supportive measures and to explain the process of filing a formal complaint

- Coordinate the effective implementation of supportive measures
- Where a report is made, but a formal complaint is not filed by the complainant, determine whether a formal complaint should be filed and sign that formal complaint
- Effective implementation of any remedies imposed by a decision maker at the conclusion of a grievance process

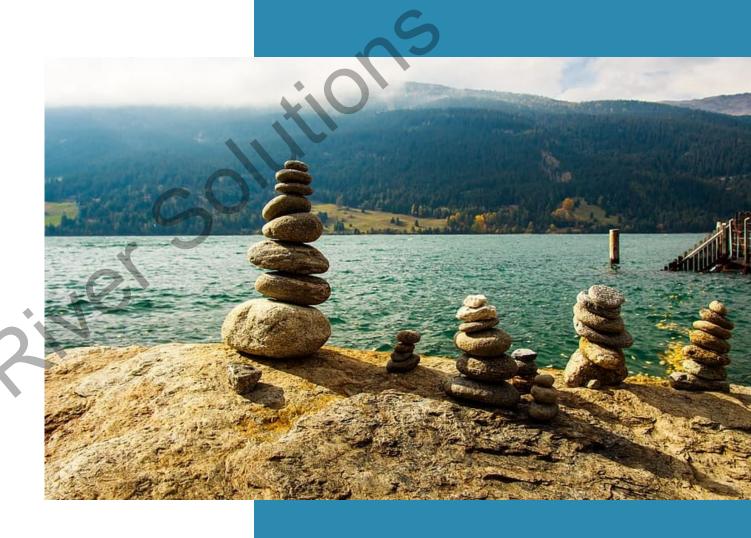
### RESPONSIBILITIES OFTEN DELEGATED TO THE TITLE IX COORDINATOR

- Ensuring that the institutional policies and procedures are compliant with Title IX
- Ensuring dissemination of the policy
- Overseeing the grievance process to ensure it is compliant
- Coordinating a compliant grievance process
- Staffing various roles
- Ensuring training requirements are met
- Record keeping
- Compliance with intersecting federal and state laws
- Education and prevention efforts

### THE THREE ESSENTIAL FUNCTIONS OF TITLE IX COMPLIANCE



ANOTHER MOMENT, PLEASE...



# A SUCCESSFUL TITLE IX COORDINATOR

Consistent

Adheres to policies and procedures

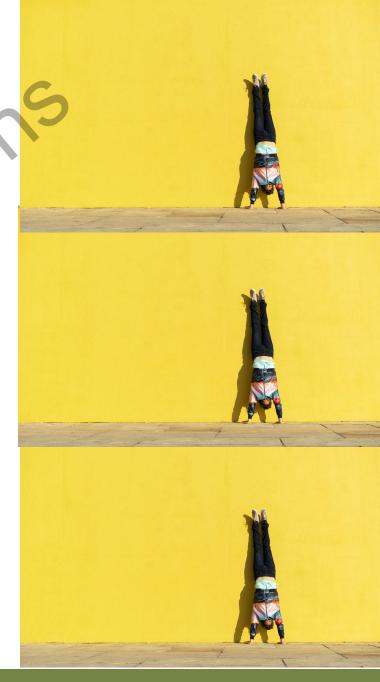
Records or documents everything

**Engages** meaningfully with the community

**Strategizes** for success

#### CONSISTENCY

- Creation of Forms and Templates
- Development of Annual Plans for Training
- Development of Annual Plans for Compliance
- Comprehensive Policies & Procedures



#### **ADHERENCE**

- Adhere to policies and procedures
- Implement training plans
- Stick to compliance plans
- Use the forms that are developed



#### RECORD KEEPING

Document, Document!

#### 1. Compliance

- 1. Maintain old policies
- 2. Keep records of all responses to reporting requirement

#### 2. Training

- 1. Dates, times, locations
- 2. Attendees
- 3. Training materials
- 4. Reason for the training

#### 3. Response

1. EVERYTHING



#### **ENGAGEMENT**

- Understand the needs of the community you serve
- Build awareness
- Build trust
- When you engage, others engage
- Can assist with workload



#### **STRATEGY**

- Conduct your own review: Evaluate the institution's state of compliance, strengths, and opportunities in all areas
- Develop plans for success in every area
- Prioritize the implementation and execution of those plans



### SUCCESSFUL COORDINATORS APPROACH ALL ASPECTS OF THE WORK...



Avoiding Prejudgment and Bias

"The Department's interest in ensuring impartial Title IX proceedings that avoid prejudgment of the facts at issue necessitates a broad prohibition on sex stereotypes so that decisions are made on the basis of individualized facts and not on stereotypical notions of what "men" or "women" do or do not do." 85 Fed. Reg. 30254 (May 19, 2020).



#### IMPARTIALITY: AVOIDING PREJUDGMENT AND BIAS

Do not rely on cultural "rape myths"

Do not rely on cultural stereotypes about how men or women purportedly behave

Do not rely on genderspecific research data or theories to decide or make inferences of relevance or credibility in particular cases

Recognize that anyone, regardless of sex, gender, gender identity or sexual orientation, can be a victim or perpetrator of sexual assault or other violence

Avoid any perception of bias in favor of or against complainants or respondents generally

Employ interview and intake approaches that demonstrate a commitment to impartiality

#### Avoiding Bias

- "Department encourages [schools] to apply an objective (whether a reasonable person would believe bias exists), common sense approach to evaluating whether a particular person serving in a Title IX role is biased" WHILE
- "exercising caution not to apply generalizations that might unreasonably conclude that bias exists (for example, assuming that all self-professed feminists, or self-described survivors, are biased against men, or that a male is incapable of being sensitive to women, or that prior work as a victim advocate, or as a defense attorney, renders the person biased for or against complainants or respondents"

#### Avoiding Conflicts of Interest

- Simply having an affiliation with an institution in itself is NOT a conflict of interest:
  - "Department's authority is over schools, not individual investigators and other personnel, so Department will focus on holding school's responsible for impartial end result of process, without labeling certain administrative relationships as per se involving conflicts of interest."

Avoiding Prejudgment, Bias, and Conflicts of Interest

### Bottom Line

- Follow facts of every individual case
- Investigate in manner that will not allow even a <u>perception</u> of prejudgment or bias for or against any party

#### COMPLIANCE



03

#### SOURCES OF COMPLIANCE OBLIGATION

Title IX Final Regulations

Violence Against Women Act

Other, Intersecting Federal Laws

State Law

Institutional Policies

Resolution Agreements

#### TITLE IX COMPLIANCE OBLIGATIONS

Designate a Title IX Coordinator

For reports of sexual harassment utilize grievance procedures that comply with section 160.45

Disseminate Policy
Notification, Publication

Require that individuals participating in the grievance process do so impartially and that they are trained in accordance with the 160.45(b)(1)(iii).

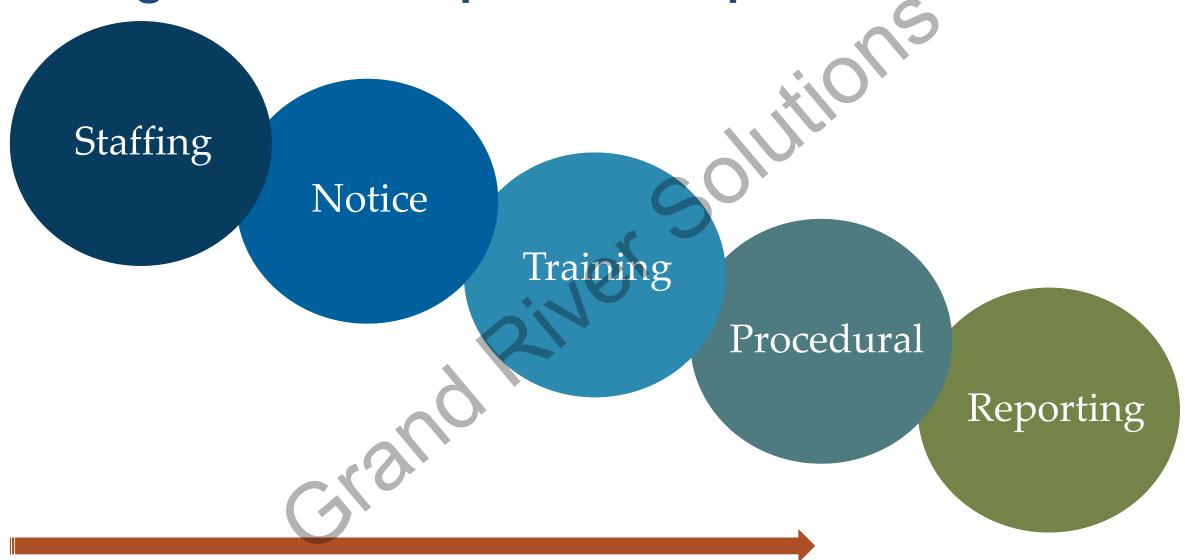
Promptly respond to instances of sexual harassment occurring within the educational program or activity of which the institution has actual knowledge in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent;

Maintain records response to sexual harassment in accordance with 160.45 (10)

Provide supportive measures in accordance with the requirements of section 160.30

Comply with 160.71 prohibition against retaliation

#### Categories of Compliance Requirements



#### DEVELOPING A STRATEGY FOR COMPLIANCE

1 Identify Compliance Obligations

2 How you will prove that you are compliant

3 > Record Keeping

### IMPLEMENTING THE STRATEGY FOR COMPLIANCE



#### TRAINING & EDUCATION

Educating ourselves and our communities

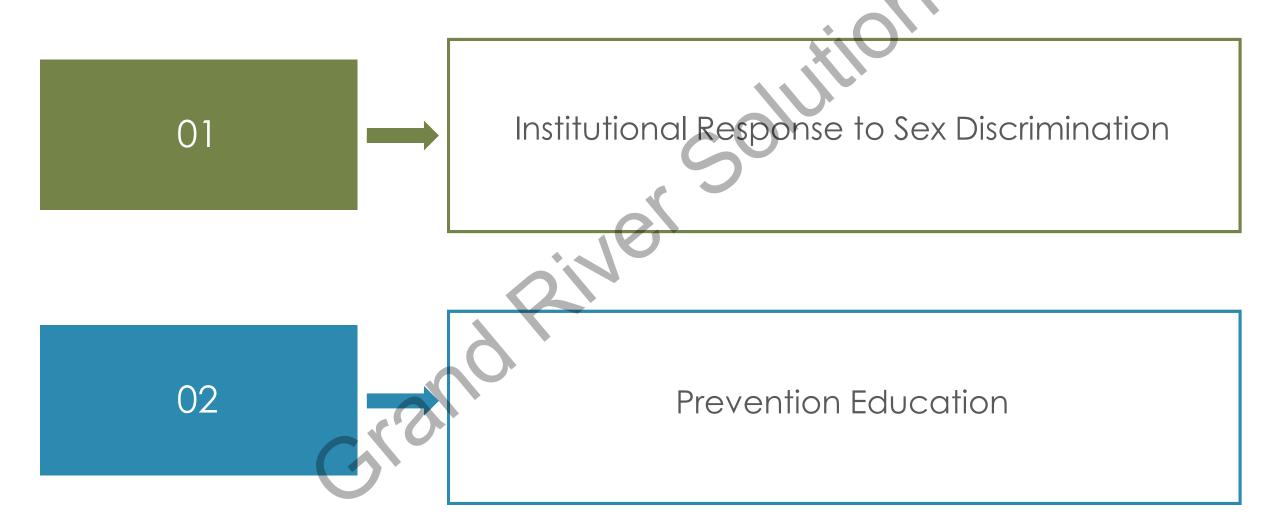
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#### SOURCES OF TRAINING REQUIREMENTS

Title IX Final Regulations State Law Violence Against Women Act Resolution Agreements

#### TRAINING AND EDUCATION: TWO AREAS OF FOCUS



#### INSTITUTIONAL RESPONSE TRAINING

- 1. Institutional Policies and Procedures
- 2. Prohibited Conduct
- 3. Options for Confidential Support
- 4. The Identify, Role, and Requirements of the Responsible Employee
- 5. Options and methods for Reporting
- 6. The Grievance Process
- 7. The Role of the Title IX Coordinator



# A REALLY IMPORTANT MOMENT. LISTEN UP. IT'S OKAY...



To not know the answer to every question thrown your way



To say, "I don't know," "I'd like to think about that," "I'll get back to you," "Thank you for sharing your perspective."



To decline to answer a question



To recognize and assert your expertise

#### WHO MUST RECEIVE TRAINING?

Title IX Staff\*

- Coordinators
- Investigators
- Decision
   Makers
   (hearings and appeals)
- Facilitators of Informal Resolution

**Faculty** 

- New faculty
- Existing faculty
- Adjunct Faculty
- Supervising faculty

Students

- New Students
- Existing Students
- Specialized populations
- Student staff

Staff

- New/existing staff
- Senior leadership
- Public Safety/campus law enforcement
- Health care workers

\*"Those who are charged with ensuring a prompt, fair, and impartial investigation and result." (VAWA)

#### **COMMUNITY PARTNERS?**

Boards of Trustees

Law Enforcement

Advocacy Groups

Health Care Providers

**Attorneys** 

Media

## TRAINING FOR TITLE IX STAFF



The scope of the institution's education program or activity (i.e., its Title IX "jurisdiction")

How to conduct the grievance process

How to serve impartially

The technology to be used at a live hearing \*

Issues of relevance of questions and evidence \*

Rape shield protections; and, \*

Issues of relevance in creating an investigation report.\*



### SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS FOR TRAINING & EDUCATION

Explaining the narrowed scope of Title IX

Explaining the institutional decision for two processes/procedures

Responsible Employee challenges

Burden of proof challenges

Length of Training

Time for questions/community processing

#### PREVENTION EDUCATION: TITLE IX REGULATIONS



"And while the Department does not mandate educational curricula, nothing in the final regulations impedes recipients' discretion to provide students (or employees) with educational information."

85 Fed. Reg. 30063 (May 19, 2020).

## PREVENTION EDUCATION: VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (VAWA)

A primary prevention and awareness program [which includes bystander intervention] aims to prevent dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking.

Ongoing prevention and awareness campaigns.



#### **ELEMENTS OF ANNUAL TRAINING STRATEGY**

- Identify population to be trained
- Determine topic
- Schedule the training
- How will you deliver the training
- Partnerships
- Communications
- Community input/feedback
- Engagement as passive education





Pre and Post Surveys





Observation



Opportunities for Feedback and Suggestions



Engage and Listen

# TRAINING COMMUNICATION



Annual Report



On Your Website



When training



In conversations

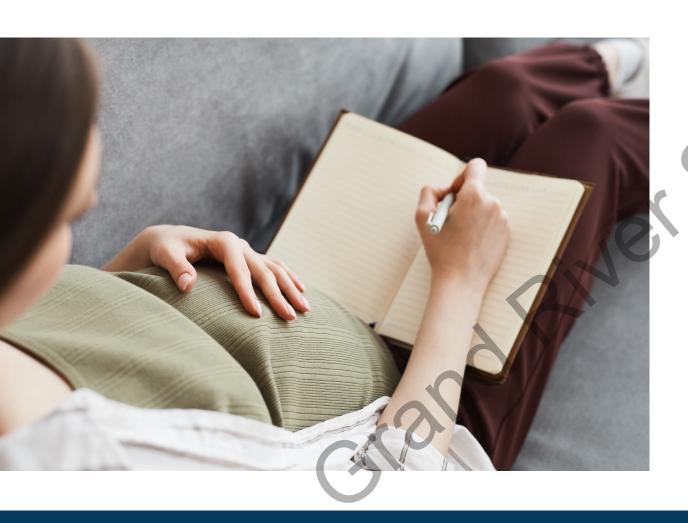
# PREGNANCY OR RELATED CONDITIONS





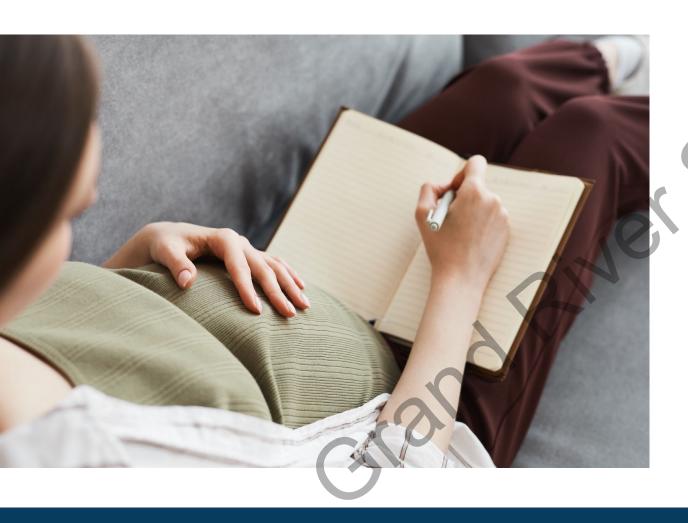


#### TITLE IX



Title IX prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex, which includes pregnancy and parental status – in educational programs and activities.

### TITLE IX & PREGNANCY



Cannot exclude or treat students (or employees or applicants) differently based on pregnancy or related conditions.

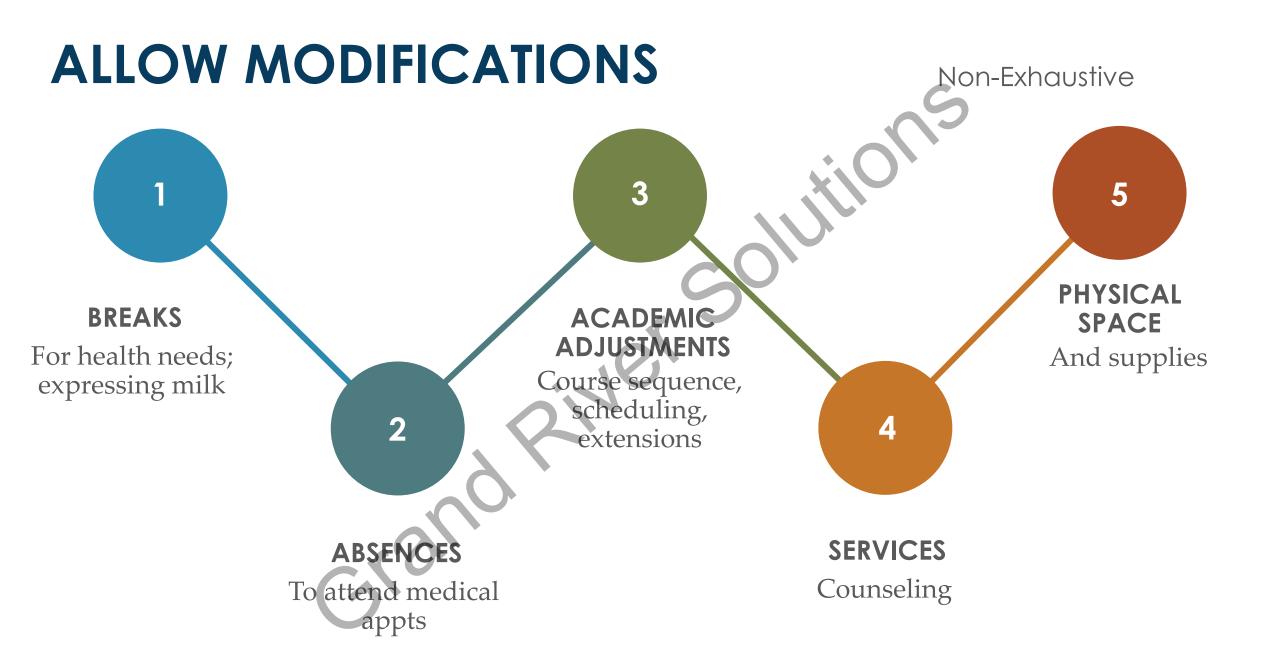
"Related conditions" include "childbirth, false pregnancy, termination of pregnancy, or recovery therefrom"

#### TITLE IX OBLIGATIONS

Summary of the obligations relating to pregnant students

- Allow them to make up any missed work without penalty
- Treat them similarly to students with a temporary disability.
- They must be allowed to return to the same academic and extracurricular status as before their medical leave began.
- Must provide reasonable adjustments, like a larger desk, elevator access, or allowing frequent trips to the restroom





#### **NOW WHAT?**

- A student in a science program asks a faculty member if they can be excluded from a series of lab sessions involving in chemicals that may be harmful for pregnant people. The instructor is insistent that they must complete these labs in order to not fail the class:

- o As Title IX Coordinator, what are your next steps?
- Who else are you bringing into the conversation?
- o How can we be creative to ensure equal access for this student?



#### **DAY 2 AGENDA**

01

#### **Receipt of Reports**

Actual Knowledge, Report Response, Initial Assessments, & Supportive Measures

02

Complainant Intake & Supportive Measures

03 >

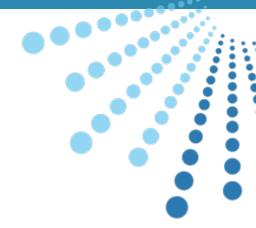
#### Report Resolution

Support-Based Based, Alternative/Informal, or Formal

### RECEIPT OF REPORTS

Actual Knowledge, Report Response, Initial Assessments, and Supportive Measures

01



#### INFRASTRUCTURE FOR REPORTING



Develop methods/avenues for reporting



Develop a plan for receiving and reviewing the reports



Develop a protocol that ensures a prompt response to reports



Develop and adhere to a practices for documenting reports and responses



Communicate reporting methods and what folks should expect after submitting a report



#### REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

Outreach/Response from Title IX Coordinator

Support Measures, whether or not Formal Complaint is filed

How to File

Options

#### RECEIVING REPORTS AND INITIATING THE RESPONSE



1. Review the report



2. Determine the appropriate initial response



3. Promptly initiate that response



4. Document/record the receipt of the report and the response thereto

#### **INITIAL OUTREACH**

- First: Safety
- Email: Create Forms
- Phone
- In person: Use RA, Campus Safety
- Follow Up Emails



#### **SCENARIO: EMERGENCY REMOVAL OF STUDENT**

- High threshold
- Not a determination of responsibility
- Whether or not grievance is underway
- Individualized
- Immediate threat (physical)
- Opportunity to challenge



### THE TITLE IX OFFICE RECEIVES THE FOLLOWING ANONYMOUS REPORT VIA YOUR INSTITUTION'S ONLINE REPORTING FORM:

"Riley Smith is in trouble. I live on their floor in River Hall and I constantly hear fighting and crying coming from their room at night. Every time I see Riley with their partner, they seem really submissive and nervous and I have noticed bruises on Riley the mornings after the biggest fights. The RA and Riley's partner are friend and so the RA doesn't do anything about it. It's getting so bad that some of the other people on the floor are talking about intervening, but we are afraid of Riley's partner too."

### THE TITLE IX OFFICE RECEIVES THE FOLLOWING EMAIL FROM A RESPONSIBLE EMPLOYEE:

"My name is Professor Jones. One of my students shared that they were raped last weekend at a party by another student. They don't want the school starting an investigation, and so I am not going to share their name or the details with you. They are thinking about talking to the police but are not sure who to contact. Can you please provide me with information that I can share with the student?"

## COMPLAINANT INTAKE & SUPPORTIVE MEASURES







#### INITIAL MEETING WITH THE COMPLAINANT

- Prepare for the meeting
- Select appropriate space
- Build trust and rapport; empower
- Explain your role
- Discuss available support
- Options for reporting
- Answer questions
- Evidence collection/preservation
- Conclude with a discussion of next steps



#### SUPPORTIVE MEASURES

Non-Disciplinary

May not unreasonably burden the other party

Designed to restore or preserve equal access

Non-punitive

As appropriate and reasonably available

Confidential

#### **EXAMPLES OF SUPPORTIVE MEASURES**

- Assistance obtaining access to counseling, advocacy, or medical services;
- Assistance obtaining access to academic support and requesting academic modifications and supportive measures;
- Changes in class schedules;
- Assistance requesting changes in work schedules, job assignments, or other work accommodations;
- Changes in campus housing;
- Safety escorts;
- Leaves of absence;
- Mutual restrictions on contact between the Parties ("No-contact" orders).





#### **POST MEETING TASKS**

Document the meeting

Send a summary email with resources, options, next steps

Follow up

Make connections

Provide the supportive measures

Document supportive measures requested, provided, and not provided. Where not provided, indicate why.

### REPORT RESOLUTION

Support-Based Only, Informal/Alternative, or Formal

03



#### **HOW TO PROCEED?**

Support-Based Only

No formal process



Alternative/ Informal

Signed agreement; Voluntary; What records?



Formal/ Investigation/ Hearing

All requirements of 106.45



# SUPPORT BASED-BASED RESOLUTION





#### SUPPORT-BASED RESOLUTIONS

- Supportive
   Measures
- Targeted
   Education
- Educational Conversations

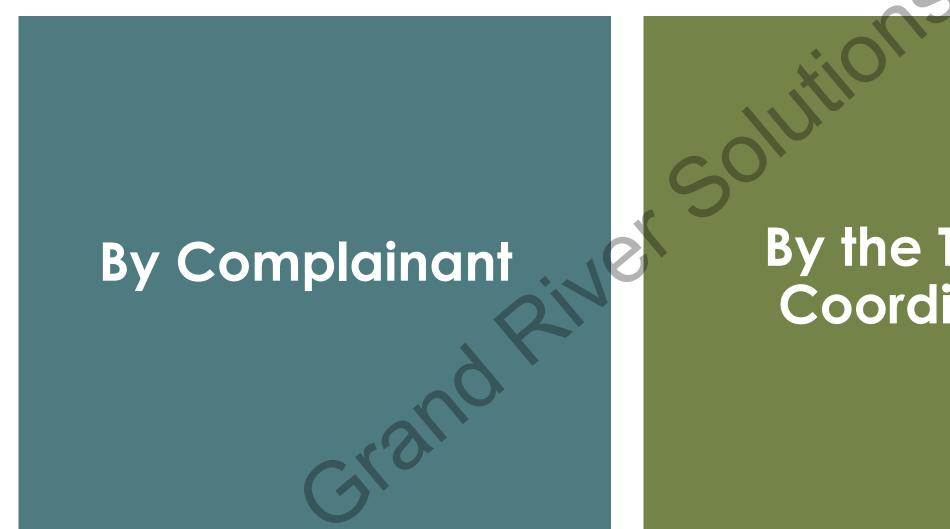


# FORMAL COMPLAINT & NOTICE REQUIREMENTS

03(b)



#### FORMAL COMPLAINT FILED



### FACTORS TO CONSIDER WHEN DETERMINING WHETHER TO FILE A FORMAL COMPLAINT



#### A FORMAL COMPLAINT MUST INCLUDE

The Complainant's digital or physical signature, or an indication that the Complainant is the person filing the Formal Complaint;

An allegation of Prohibited Conduct as defined under this Policy. This may include: Where the incident(s) occurred; what incident(s) occurred; when the incident(s) occurred;

Identity of Respondent, if known;

A request for <u>a</u> resolution or investigation.

#### DISMISSING COMPLAINTS

#### Mandatory

- Not sexual harassment
- Did not occur in program or activity
- Not against person in the U.S.

#### Discretionary

- Complainant withdraws complaint
- Respondent no longer enrolled/employed
- School unable to collect sufficient info

CAN PROCEED UNDER OTHER POLICY



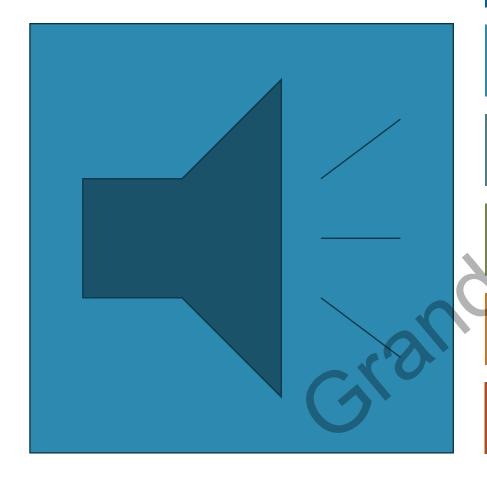
## NOTICE OF ALLEGATION REQUIREMENTS (1)

- Notice of the allegations, including sufficient details known at the time and with sufficient time to prepare a response before any initial interview. Sufficient details include:
  - the identities of the parties involved in the incident, if known,
  - the conduct allegedly constituting sexual harassment under § 106.30,
  - and the date and location of the alleged incident, if known.
- The written notice must include a statement that the respondent is presumed not responsible for the alleged conduct and that a determination regarding responsibility is made at the conclusion of the grievance process.

# NOTICE OF ALLEGATION REQUIREMENTS (2)

- The written notice must inform the parties that they may have an advisor of their choice, who may be, but is not required to be, an attorney, under paragraph (b)(5)(iv) of this section, and may inspect and review evidence under paragraph (b)(5)(vi) of this section.
- The written notice must inform the parties of any provision in the recipient's code of conduct that prohibits knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the grievance process

# NOTIFYING THE RESPONDENT



FIRST- SAFETY

Make sure Support Available

Written Notification Meetings and Sufficient Time to Prepare

Don't Send on a Friday

Don't send at 5pm

How will you notify?

Consider impact of notification on Respondent

#### **ADVISOR OF CHOICE**

The advisor can be anyone, including an attorney

Institutions cannot place restrictions on who can serve

No training required

Institution must provide advisor for the purposes of questioning only,

#### INITIAL MEETING WITH RESPONDENT

- Prepare for the meeting
- Select appropriate space
- Build trust and rapport; empower
- Explain your role
- Discuss available supportive measures
- Supportive measures that were provided to complainant that impact them
- Answer questions
- Evidence collection/preservation
- Conclude with a discussion of next steps



#### **POST MEETING TASKS**

Document the meeting

Send a summary email with resources, options, next steps

Follow up

Make connections

Provide the supportive measures

Document supportive measures requested, provided, and not provided. Where not provided, indicate why.

#### COMPLAINT RESOLUTION

#### Informal Resolution

- Formal Complaint Required
- Parties must agree
- Can withdraw form process
- Alternate
   Resolution/Mediation
- No appeal

#### Formal Resolution

 Investigation and Adjudication process in compliance with Section 106.45

#### ALTERNATIVE RESOLUTION





#### **ALTERNATIVE RESOLUTION REQUIREMENTS**

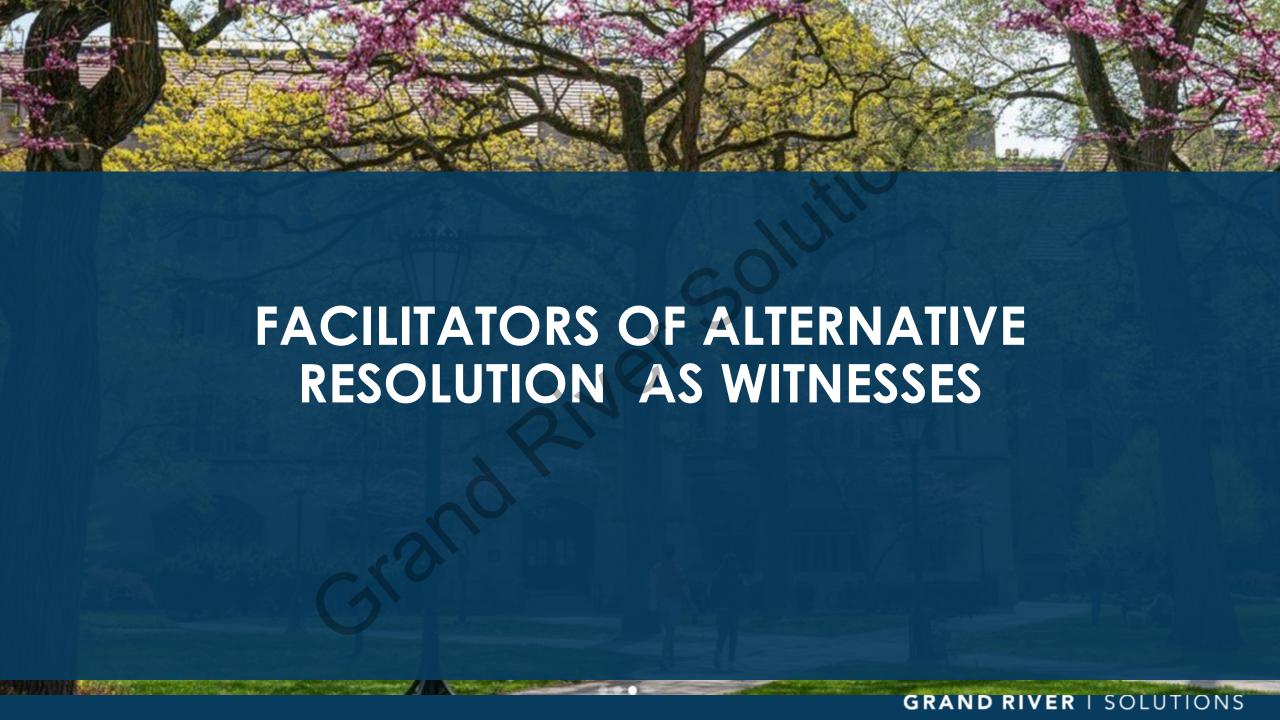
- Formal Complaint must be filed
- Participation in an alternative resolution must be voluntary
- Must occur prior to resolution via a formal process
- Parties must be permitted to withdraw and seek formal resolution
- Voluntary, written consent to the alternative resolution must be obtained
- Facilitators of alternative resolution must be trained



#### **ALTERNATIVE RESOLUTION NOTICE REQUIREMENTS**

- The allegations,
- The requirements of the alternative/informal resolution process including the circumstances under which it precludes the parties from resuming a formal complaint arising from the same allegations, provided, however, that at any time prior to agreeing to a resolution, any party has the right to withdraw from the alternative resolution process
- And resume the grievance process with respect to the formal complaint, and any consequences resulting from participating in the alternative resolution process, including the records that will be maintained or could be shared;





INFORMAL/ALTERNATIVE RESOLUTION IS PROHIBITED TO RESOLVE ALLEGATIONS THAT AN **EMPLOYEE SEXUALLY HARASSED** A STUDENT.



### FORMAL RESOLUTION

03(d)





#### PROCEDURAL REQUIREMENTS FOR INVESTIGATIONS

Notice to BOTH parties

Equal Opportunity to Present Evidence

An advisor of choice

Written notification of meetings, etc., and sufficient time to prepare

Opportunity to review all directly related evidence, and 10 days to submit a written response to the evidence prior to completion of the report

Report summarizing relevant evidence and 10-day review of report prior to hearing

#### TITLE IX COORDINATOR'S ROLE

#### In the Investigation

- Title IX Coordinator is permitted to conduct the investigation, though this is not favored
- If conducting the investigation, do so in accordance with the applicable institutional policy
- If not conducting the investigation, may serve as a support to the investigators
- May serve as a resource to the parties



#### PROCEDURAL REQUIREMENTS FOR HEARINGS

Must be live, but can be conducted remotely

No Compelling participation

Standard of proof used may be preponderance of the evidence or clear and convincing; standard must be the same for student and employee matters

Cross examination must be permitted and must be conducted by advisor of choice or provided by the institution

Decision maker determines relevancy of questions and evidence offered

Written decision must be issued that includes finding and sanction

#### TITLE IX COORDINATOR'S ROLE

#### In the Adjudication

- Title IX Coordinator may not serve as the decision maker
- May serve to support the decision maker(s)
- May participate in the hearing to provide logistical support to decision makers
- Responsible for effective implementation of remedies imposed

#### FINAL RULE § 106.45(B)(8)

"Institutions must offer both parties an appeal from a determination regarding responsibility, and from a recipient's dismissal of a formal complaint or any allegations therein."

#### TITLE IX COORDINATOR'S ROLE

In the Appeal



- Title IX Coordinator may not serve as an appellate reviewer
- May serve to support the appellate reviewer/panel
- May provide logistical support
- May coordinate implementation of appellate findings, where appropriate.
- Responsible for effective implementation of remedies imposed



# THE RIVER CONNECT HAS MOVED TO LINKEDIN.

At the same place you do your business social media networking, you can now find The River Connect and all the great events, resources, and real-time discussions on the topics important to higher ed equity professionals.





## Let Our Team Support The Good Work You And Your Team Are Doing.

- Delegated Roles
- Investigations
- Hearings & Appeals
- Alternative Resolutions
- Program Review
- Policy & Procedures
- Consulting & Coaching



# RESOLUTION SERVICES

Resolution Services

We work to resolve employee, faculty, and student cases at companies and educational institutions.

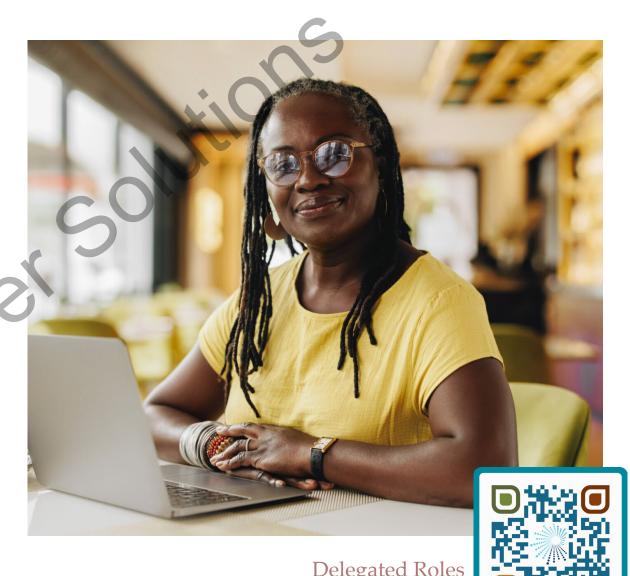
Our experienced practitioners are available to serve as facilitators of alternative resolutions, investigators, decision-makers, hearing officers, chairs, panel members, or appellate officers for all equity and discrimination cases.



#### **DELEGATED ROLES**

Gap in staffing? We can help. Interim or Long-Term Needs

- Title IX Coordinators and Staff
- Title VI Coordinators and Staff
- **EO** Director
- Equity Director
- ADA/504 Coordinators and Staff



**Delegated Roles** 



Investigations

# Digital Accessibility

ADA/504 Coordinator
Policy Development & Review
Training
Accessibility & Compliance Assessment

Policy Development & Review
Training
Consulting
Investigations





ADA/504 Services

#### TRAINING AND TRAINING MEMBERSHIP

Please check out our wide selection of trainings and learn about our new unlimited training membership. *Unlimited open training acess for your whole campus, one annual fee.* 





**Explore Training** 

#### CASE MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE

#### Case Tracker

Titles VI, VII, IX & Equity Software Solution

by Grand River Solutions





Schedule a Demo

# Designed for you, by people like you

We are experts and practitioners working in response and resolution for discrimination, harassment, & equity concerns.

Case Tracker allows you to:

- track and manage your cases
- communicate with campus stakeholders without compromising case privacy, and
- provide parties with the ability to follow the status of their case

It's a heavy burden. Somehow, you still need to get the job done.

#### We've Got Your Back.

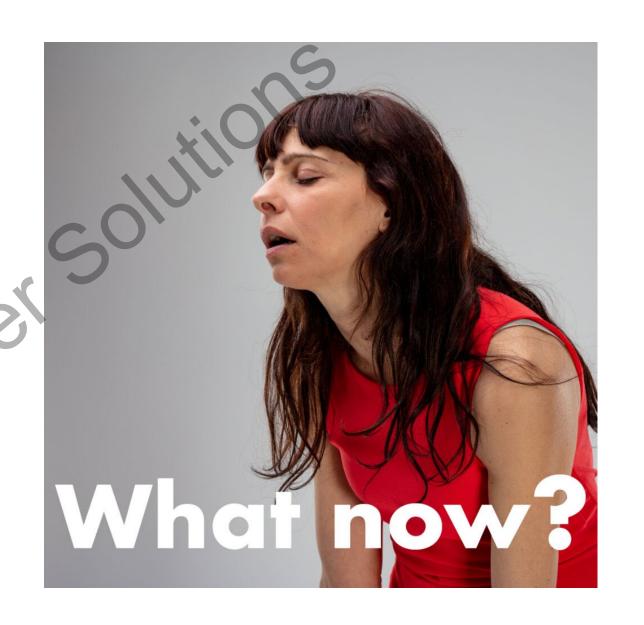
#### 20% Discount On Services New To You.

Plus, we've created special offerings designed to speed the work process and lighten your load.



View Fall Promo

- -Rapid Response
- -Compliance Housekeeping
- -Process Advisors
- -End-to-End Case Management
- -Supercharge Your Equity Office
- -Title VI Strategies



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#### **CONNECT WITH US**



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